

VISIONIAS
INSPIRING INNOVATION
ABHYAAS MAINS

सामान्य अध्ययन (प्रश्न पत्र-IV)/GENERAL STUDIES (Paper-IV) (2220)

निर्धारित समय: तीन घंटे
Time Allowed: Three Hours

अधिकतम अंक: 250
Maximum Marks: 250

सामान्य अनुदेश

इस प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर (क्यू.सी.ए.) पुस्तिका में 61+3 पृष्ठ हैं। प्रश्न-पत्र, क्यू.सी.ए. पुस्तिका के अंत में संलग्न है, जो अलग (वियोज्य) किया जा सकता है और उम्मीदवार परीक्षा के उपरांत अपने साथ ले जा सकते हैं।

रफ कार्य के लिए, इस पुस्तिका के अंत में खाली पृष्ठ दिया गया है।

पुस्तिका प्राप्त होने पर, कृपया यह जांच कर लें कि इस क्यू.सी.ए. पुस्तिका में कोई कमी न हो, फटा हुआ पृष्ठ न हो अथवा कोई पृष्ठ गायब न हो इत्यादि। यदि ऐसा हो, तो इसके बदले नई क्यू.सी.ए. पुस्तिका प्राप्त कर लें।

General Instructions

This Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet contains 61+3 pages. Question Paper in detachable form is available at the end of the QCA Booklet which can be taken away by the candidate after examination.

For rough work, blank page has been provided at the end of this Booklet.

On receipt of the Booklet, please check that this QCA Booklet does not have any shortcomings, torn or missing pages etc. If, so, get it replaced with a fresh QCA Booklet.

(उम्मीदवार द्वारा भरा जाएगा/To be filled by the Candidate)

पंजीकरण सं./Registration No. : 1304965

अभ्यर्थी का नाम/Name of Student : SHIVAM KUMAR

माध्यम: हिंदी/अंग्रेजी
Medium: Hindi/English

English

तारीख
Date

28/8/2022

**सामान्य अध्ययन (प्रश्न पत्र-IV)
GENERAL STUDIES (Paper IV)**

केंद्र
Centre RPA First Grade
College, Bangalore
11)

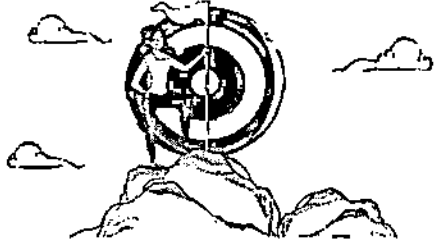
निरीक्षक के हस्ताक्षर
Invigilator's Signature

	<p style="text-align: center;">महत्वपूर्ण अनुदेश</p> <p>उम्मीदवारों को नीचे उल्लिखित निर्देश सावधानी से पढ़ लेने चाहिए। किसी भी निर्देश का उल्लंघन करने पर उम्मीदवारों को मिलने वाले अंकों में कटौती, उम्मीदवारी रद्द या आयोग के परवर्ती परीक्षाओं के लिए वर्जित करने इत्यादि के रूप में दण्डित किया जा सकता है।</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Important Instructions</p> <p>Candidates should read the undermentioned instructions carefully. Violation of any of the following instructions may entail penalty in the form of deduction of marks, cancellation of candidature, debarment from further Examination of the Commission etc.</p>
1	<p>(क) अपना पंजीकरण सं. एवं अन्य विवरण केवल प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका (क्यू.सी.ए.) में उम्मीदवार के लिए निर्धारित स्थान पर ही लिखें।</p> <p>(ख) इस पुस्तिका में अन्यत्र कहीं भी अपना नाम, पंजीकरण सं., मोबाइल नं., पता अथवा प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका (क्यू.सी.ए.) संख्या न लिखें जिससे आपकी पहचान का खुलासा हो।</p>	<p>(a) Write your Registration Number and other details only in the space provided in the Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet for candidates.</p> <p>(b) Do not disclose your identity in any manner such as, by writing your Name, Registration number, Mobile number, Address, Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet No. etc. elsewhere in the Booklet</p>
2	<p>अपनी प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका में कहीं भी प्रश्नों के वास्तविक उत्तर के अतिरिक्त कुछ न लिखें जैसे कि कोई कविता/दोहा, अभद्र या अपमानजनक अभिव्यक्ति इत्यादि और न ही कोई ऐसा चिन्ह/निशान बनाएं जिसका उत्तर से सम्बन्ध न हो।</p>	<p>Do not write in the QCA Booklet anything other than the actual answer such as couplet, obscene, abusive expression etc., nor put any sign/mark having no relevance to the answer.</p>
3	<p>परीक्षक को प्रत्यक्ष/अप्रत्यक्ष रूप से कोई भी प्रार्थना/धमकी भरी बातें न लिखें।</p>	<p>Do not make any direct/indirect appeal/threat to the examiner.</p>
4	<p>उत्तर अस्पष्ट अथवा गंदी लिखावट में न लिखें। इस प्रकार के उत्तर का मूल्यांकन नहीं किया जा सकता है।</p>	<p>Do not write answers in bad/illegible handwriting. Such answers may not be evaluated.</p>
5	<p>उत्तर स्याही में ही लिखें। उत्तर लिखने के लिए पेंसिल का उपयोग न करें, हालांकि आरेख, चित्र इत्यादि बनाने के लिए पेंसिल का उपयोग किया जा सकता है।</p>	<p>Write answers in ink only. Do not use pencil for writing the answers. However, pencil may be used for drawing diagrams, sketches, etc.</p>
6	<p>प्रवेश पत्र में उल्लेख किए गए माध्यम के अलावा अन्य किसी माध्यम में उत्तर न लिखें। अधिकृत और अनधिकृत की मिली जुली भाषा का भी उपयोग न करें।</p>	<p>Do not write answers in medium other than the authorized medium in the Admission Certificate. Do not use mixed language either i.e. authorize and unauthorized media together for writing answers.</p>
7	<p>प्रश्नों के उत्तर ठीक उसके नीचे दिए गए निर्धारित स्थान पर ही लिखें। निर्धारित स्थान के अलावा किसी अन्य स्थान पर लिखे गए उत्तर का मूल्यांकन नहीं किया जाएगा।</p>	<p>Write answer at the specific space (right below the question) only. Answers written elsewhere at unspecified places in the booklet shall not be evaluated.</p>
8	<p>यदि आप अपने किसी उत्तर को रद्द करना चाहते हैं तो उसे पेन से काट दें तथा उस पर "रद्द" लिख दें, अन्यथा उसका मूल्यांकन किया जा सकता है।</p>	<p>If you wish to cancel any work, draw your pen through it and write "Cancelled" across it, otherwise it may be valued.</p>

कार्यालय के प्रयोग हेतु For Official Use	कार्यालय के प्रयोग हेतु For Official Use
<p>परीक्षक के हस्ताक्षर Signature of Examiner(s)</p>	

प्राप्तांक के विवरण (परीक्षक द्वारा भरा जाए)/ Marks Details (To be filled by the Examiner(s))

प्रश्न सं. Q. No.	अंक Marks		प्रश्न सं. Q. No.	अंक Marks	
1(a)			6 (a)		
1(b)			6 (b)		
2(a)			6 (c)		
2(b)			7		
3(a)			8		
3(b)			9		
4(a)			10		
4(b)			11		
5(a)			12		
5(b)					
उप-योग (A) Subtotal (A)			उप-योग (B) Subtotal (B)		
सकल योग (A+B) / GRAND TOTAL (A+B)					



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निर्धारित समय: तीन घंटे
Time Allowed: Three Hours

अधिकतम अंक: 250
Maximum Marks: 250

प्रश्न-पत्र संबंधी विशेष अनुदेश

कृपया प्रश्नों के उत्तर देने से पूर्व निम्नलिखित प्रत्येक अनुदेश को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें:

इसमें बारह प्रश्न हैं जो दो खण्डों में विभाजित हैं तथा हिंदी और अंग्रेजी दोनों में छपे हुए हैं।
सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।

प्रत्येक प्रश्न/भाग के अंक उसके सामने दिए गए हैं।

प्रश्नों के उत्तर उसी प्राधिकृत माध्यम में लिखे जाने चाहिए, जिसका उल्लेख आपके प्रवेश-पत्र में किया गया है, और इस माध्यम का स्पष्ट उल्लेख प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर (क्यू.सी.ए.), पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर निर्दिष्ट स्थान पर किया जाना चाहिए। प्राधिकृत माध्यम के अतिरिक्त अन्य किसी माध्यम में लिखे गए उत्तर पर कोई अंक नहीं मिलेंगे।

प्रश्नों में इंगित शब्द सीमा को ध्यान में रखिए।

प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर पुस्तिका में खाली छोड़ा हुआ पृष्ठ या उसके अंश को स्पष्ट रूप से काटा जाना चाहिए।

QUESTION PAPER SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS

Please read each of the following instructions carefully before attempting questions:

There are TWELVE questions divided in TWO SECTIONS and printed both, in HINDI and in ENGLISH.

All questions are compulsory.

The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in a medium other than the authorized one.

Keep the word limit indicated in the questions in mind.

Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Questions-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

EVALUATION INDICATORS

1. Contextual Competence
2. Content Competence
3. Language Competence
4. Introduction Competence
5. Structure - Presentation Competence
6. Conclusion Competence

Overall Macro Comments / feedback / suggestions on Answer Booklet:

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

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All the Best

1. (a)

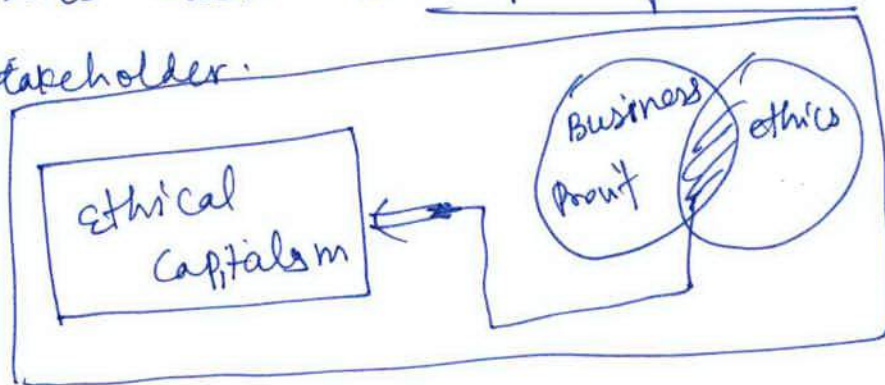
असीमित संपत्ति का तर्क लाभ के रूप में स्वहित की पूर्ति करने की बुनियादी मानवीय प्रवृत्ति में निहित है। इस संदर्भ में, क्या आपको लगता है कि नैतिक पूंजीवाद का अनुसरण करने की संभावना है? (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

The logic of limitless wealth lies in the basic human instinct for furthering self-interest in the form of profit. In this context, do you think there is a possibility of pursuing ethical capitalism? (Answer in 150 words)

10

The understanding ~~to~~ of more wealth to more power to more prosperity and more happiness resulting in race for profit orientation in society.

Ethical capitalism is pursuing benefits in motive with adequate focus on adherence to principle of ethics such as welfare of all stakeholder.



~~Possible~~ Yes, I believe there is a possibility of pursuing ethical capitalism:-

methods to achieve ethical Capitalism

(i) Improving corporate governance structure

↳ following recommendation of Birla committee, Uday Kotak committee

(ii) ethical business environment and Principle of Personal ethics in employee

(iii) Adherence to stakeholder approach in society instead of shareholder.
↳ S. Patanjali's donation of 500000 every day during Covid 19

(iv) social entrepreneurship & as promoted by Nobel laureate.

Thus ~~so~~ ethical capitalism is promoted properly will result in compassionate capitalism also

उम्मीदवारों को इस हार्गिफ में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

1. (b)

यदि कोई कानून अन्यायपूर्ण है, तो व्यक्ति द्वारा उसकी अवज्ञा करना न केवल उचित है, अपितु ऐसा करना उसका दायित्व भी है। चर्चा कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

If a law is unjust, a man is not only right to disobey it, he is obligated to do so. Discuss. (Answer in 150 words)

10

उम्मीदवारों को इस इच्छित में गहरी विचारना चाहिए। Candidates must not write on this margin

Laws are set of statutory guidelines and framework to maintain discipline and coherence in society.

Law ~~is~~ need not be ethical always:-

eg) capital punishment law is not ethical

Right to disobey when law is unjust:-

(i) Against social contract as ~~promoted~~ propagated by Rousseau Rousseau

(ii) will create instability in long term.

(iii) ethical no obligation to follow unjust law.

(iv) Constitutional morality violation due to unjust laws.

But it is also obligation to disobey

unjust law:-

(i) being silent on injustice is violation of human right and natural justice

(ii) Being a silent spectator to a crime, we become equal participant to the crime

(iii) In democracy it is essential to raise voice against 'injustice'.

Key - Injustice due to AFSPA creating regular violence in society
↓
Actions must be taken by society to raise voice against it

(iv) ~~It~~ Power asymmetry in Governance require citizen to ensure accountability by raising voices.

~~Thus~~ But the actions taken should be both within ethical as well as constitutional limit.

Principle of nonviolence, and satyagrah must be used

उम्मीदवारों को इस कक्ष में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
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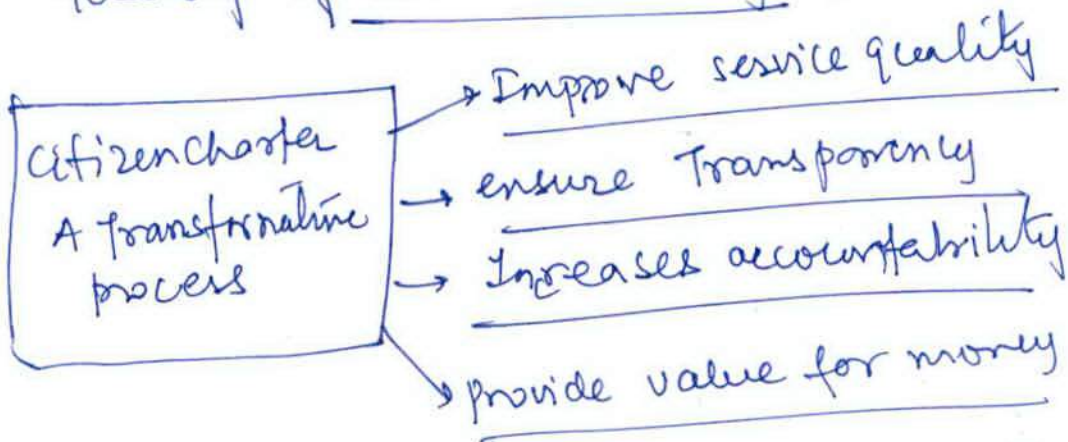
2. (a)

किसी परिवर्तनकारी प्रक्रिया को शुरू करने की सिटीजन चार्टर की क्षमता उसे उचित रूप से तैयार करने और प्रभावी ढंग से लागू किए जाने पर निर्भर करती है। चर्चा कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

The capacity of Citizens' Charter to initiate any transformative process is conditioned upon it being appropriately designed and effectively executed. Discuss. (Answer in 150 words) 10

उम्मीदवारों को इस हाशिये में नहीं लिखना चाहिए। Candidates must not write on this margin

Citizen's Charter provide formal listing of ~~the~~ right of people with respect to service delivery and quality of service delivery.



Citizen Charter dependence on design

(I) Community Participation in aligning values and performance parameter

⇓
Bottom's up approach instead of top down practices

(II) understanding of limitation and strength of the department
⇒ SWOT analysis of capacity

⇒ Promises should be reasonable on supply side too.

(iii) Adequate standard operating procedure for the same.

Citizen charter dependene on execution

- Clear defination of goals in department
- 2nd ARC say savottam model include continuous monitoring and feedback.
- zero tolerance towards achieving the objectives
- Increasing capacity of officers

The citizen charter provide much needed thrust in service delivery but must be executed with understanding design.

2. (b)

लोक प्राधिकारियों की आंतरिक शक्ति (मोरल फाइबर) और नैतिक आचरण न केवल शासन की गुणवत्ता को प्रभावित करते हैं बल्कि उनके स्वयं के हितों और प्रदर्शन को भी प्रभावित करते हैं। सविस्तार वर्णन कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

The moral fiber and ethical conduct of public officials not only influence the standard of governance but also their own interests and performance. Elaborate. (Answer in 150 words) 10

उम्मीदवारों को इस हद्दिए में नहीं लिखना चाहिए।
Candidates must not write on this margin

Nolan Committee list down 7 core principle to ensure the moral fiber and ethical conduct in public official.

Morality and ethics of public official and governance :-

- (1) Adherence to transparency reduces corruption in system.
eg - IAS S. Upagam voluntary disclosure of assets on portal.
- (ii) Courage and public service spirit provide inner strength
eg - efforts of IAS Durga Chakri Nepal in sand mafia issue.
- (iii) Accountability by officer improves trust between citizen and public.

(eg) Release of audit report by Odisha high court

Impact on personal interest and performance:-

- ① Improves in difficult situation of - strong value system and compassion led to construction of people's road in Manipur by IAS P. Armstrong.
- ② Improve emotional intelligence of officers.
- ③ Helps in resolving crises of conscience situations
- ④ Maintaining balance and impartiality with political counterpart help in trust building and career growth.

Thus morality and ethical conduct provides a win-win situation.

To ensure the we have code of conduct and code of ethics for officers.

3. (a)

इच्छामृत्यु पर जारी बहस कई नैतिक प्रश्नों को जन्म देती है। चर्चा कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

The ongoing debate on euthanasia poses several ethical questions. Discuss. (Answer in 150 words)

10*

उम्मीदवारों को
इस हार्फ में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
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Euthanasia is related to passive or active killing of person based of the person's will.

Generally Euthanasia is permissible across globe for ~~the~~ critical medical condition.

In India only passive euthanasia is allowed :-

Ethical questions related to Euthanasia

(i) Against natural law of life

↳ we cannot voluntarily takes anyone's life

(ii) Against medical ethical code

↳ doctor's only aim is to save life, not to take anyone's life

(iii) An individual cannot alone

decided about his/her own
life because many stakeholders
are attached to one life.

(iv) As per Kantian categorical imperative
cannot be universally applied

(v) Against ~~good nature~~ Right to life
(Article 21)

But these are also ethical concern
in support of euthanasia :-

(i) Right to live with dignity :-

For medical ill patient.

(ii) When medically critical,

allowance of right to make own

choice.

(iii) utilitarian principle Justify for
reducing financial pressure on family

Considering both side, the case
of euthanasia must be decided

on situation of patient.

3. (b)

विदेशी सहायता नव-उपनिवेशवाद का एक रूप है, क्योंकि आर्थिक रूप से समृद्ध देश सहायता की आड़ में विकासशील देशों का शोषण कर सकते हैं। परीक्षण कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

Foreign aid is a form of neo-colonialism, as the economically wealthier countries can exploit the developing countries under the cloak of aid. Examine. (Answer in 150 words)

10

उम्मीदवारों को
इस हार्शिए में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए।
Candidates
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write on
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International ethics says that
foreign aid should be with
motive of zero return.

neo-colonialism in foreign aid:-

- (i) Debt trap policy of China with foreign aid.
- (ii) Seeking conformity with rules ~~is also~~ and principle is ~~seen~~.
- USA wants to promote Capitalism
- Russia wants to promote communism.
- (iii) Humanitarian assistance are also motive oriented
- (iv) Functioning of WHO was polarised due to USA funding.

उम्मीदवारों को
इस हार्डिप में
कटी लिखना
नाहिप
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4. (a)

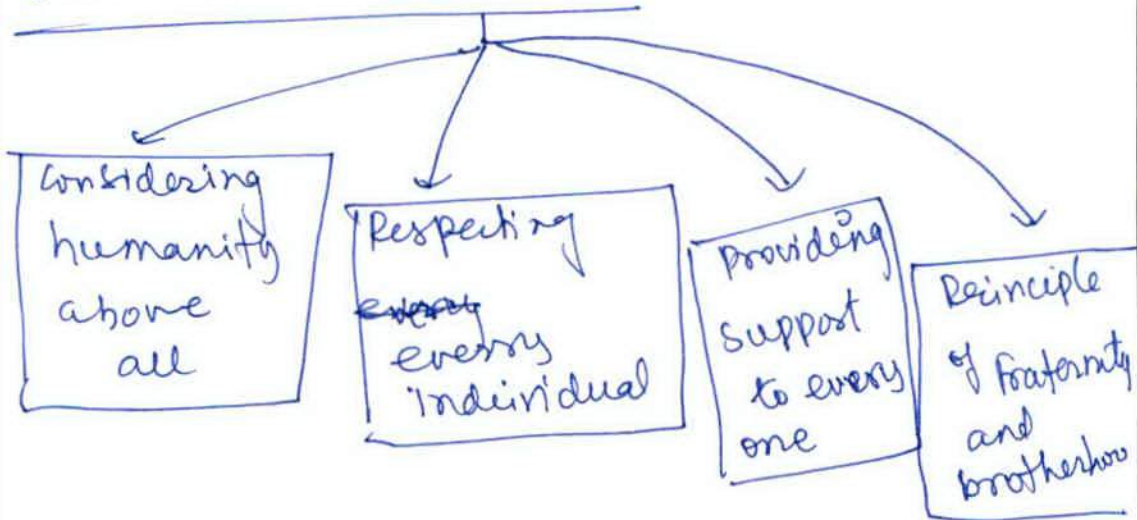
रवीन्द्रनाथ टैगोर द्वारा प्रतिपादित सार्वभौम मानवतावाद के विचार पर प्रकाश डालते हुए, इसकी समकालीन प्रासंगिकता पर चर्चा कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

Throwing light on the idea of Universal Humanism propounded by Rabindranath Tagore, discuss its contemporary relevance. (Answer in 150 words) 10

उम्मीदवारों को इस शीट में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

Rabindranath Tagore believed in idea of universal humanism.

Universal Humanism



Relevance of universal humanism in present day world :-

(1) Increase in globalization has increased human interaction
↓
required adherence to these principle

(ii) To deal with problem of refugees

in international ethics, universal
humanism provide guiding
Principle.

(II) Dealing with ~~eth~~ trade policies
and pricing strategies in economies

↳ Principle of fraternity

(V) understanding the pair of climate
change on vulnerable section

(V) since inequality has increased
in society \Rightarrow harmony in humanity
required.

(VI) Recovery in post Pandemic world
require collaborative approach.

(VII) To ensure inclusivity, transparency
and impartiality in multilateral
institution.

- Along with universal humanism
we must also promote ideal of
Vasudha kutumbakam (world is
one family)

4. (b)

क्या आप इस विचार से सहमत हैं कि चारित्रिक प्रकृति, न कि परिवारिश, किसी व्यक्ति की भावनात्मक बुद्धिमत्ता का निर्धारण करती है? (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

Do you agree with the view that it is nature and not nurture which determines the emotional intelligence of a person? (Answer in 150 words)

10

उम्मीदवारों को इस हार्शिए में नहीं लिखना चाहिए।
Candidates must not write on this margin

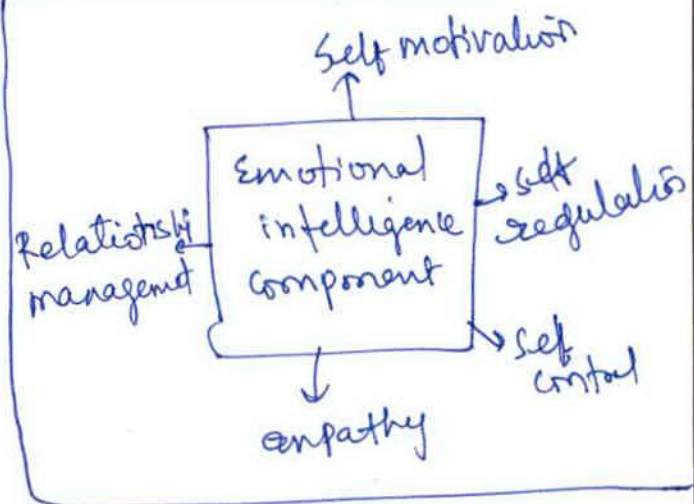
Emotional intelligence is ability to understand, perceive, manage one's own emotion and emotions of others.

Role of Nature in determining determining emotional intelligence :-

(1) Person with calm nature has better patient and results in higher self control or regulation

eg:-

Former Captain
Mr. M.S. Dhoni
Calm ~~nature~~
nature
→ high EI



(ii) Person with inquisitive nature (curious nature results in high rationality and obscurity)
→ increases self motivation Component of EI

(ii) Person with anxiety will have low level of emotional intelligent

However, I believe nature also plays equal role in shaping EI.

Nurture and EI :-

(i) Training of relationship management will improve EI

↳ organizational leadership

(ii) Learning from life of leader like Mahatma Gandhi, Subhaschandra Bose, improves EQ

(iii) When we understand emotions of others by nurturing in that environment we ~~develop~~ develop empathy

→ High Emotional intelligence

Thus, nature and nurture both plays equal role.

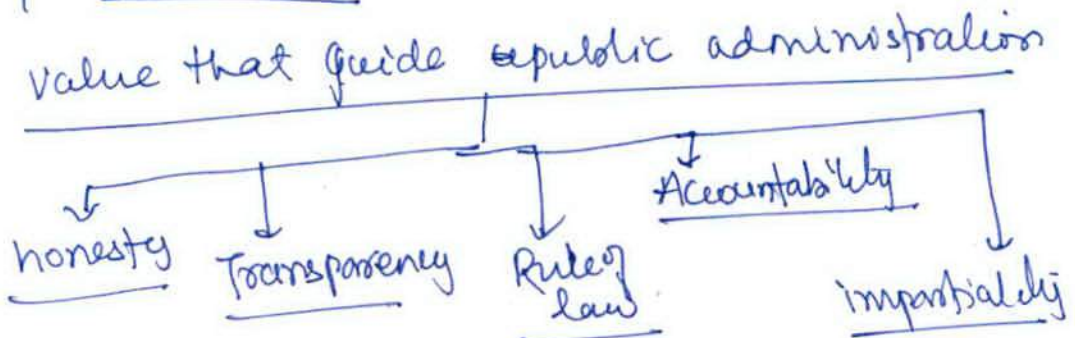
5. (a)

वे मूल्य जो लोक प्रशासकों का मार्गदर्शन करते हैं, व्यापक सार्वजनिक हित के लिए अपने सापेक्ष महत्व के कारण प्रायः एक-दूसरे के प्रतिस्पर्धी हो सकते हैं। उदाहरणों सहित चर्चा कीजिए। (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

Values that guide public administrators can often compete with each other, owing to their relative importance to the larger public interest. Discuss with examples. (Answer in 150 words) 10

उम्मीदवारों को इस हाशिए में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

Purpose of public interest administration is to serve the public interest.



Cases of conflict in values in larger public interest:-

① during case of communal harmony:-

Adherence to complete transparency with public may create further tension.

Conflict → Transparency vs peace in society

② during national security and internal security:-

→ Conflict in freesp^eech and national security

(eg) cases of frequent sedition

(ii) providing benefits only to people with proper document

↳ Genuⁱne beneficiary without document may be left out

↳ Rule of law is required to ensure corruption free environment.

Thus we saw these cases of ethical dilemma is common in public service and to deal with the same,

office should always follow some - underlying principle

of probity

- Integrity
- Honoty
- Rule of law

5. (b)

क्या यह कहना तर्कसंगत है कि भ्रष्टाचार एक सामाजिक परिघटना है? प्रशासनिक भ्रष्टाचार से निपटने के विभिन्न तरीके क्या हैं? (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

Is it justifiable to say that corruption is a social phenomenon? What are the various ways through which administrative corruption can be tackled? (Answer in 150 words)

10

उम्मीदवारों को इस हिसाब में नहीं लिखना चाहिए।
Candidates must not write on this margin

Corruption is utilization of public authority for personal gain

For example: Taking commission in public project approval is corruption.

Overtime the understanding of corruption has evolved →

Corruption is a social phenomenon

(i) Legitimization by society

↳ Non legitimization by community

(ii) Participation of society in corrupt practices to save some time

↳ socialization of corruption

(iii) Corruption happens within the wall of society

(iv) Being a silent spectator on witnessing

Corruption -

ways to tackle administrative

Corruption: —

(I) Institutional change →

including mechanism of transparency

↳ e-governance, digitization such as

~~DBT~~ DBT

(II) Making law related to corruption
more stringent

→ zero corruption policy in organization

(III) promotion of citizen charter in
service delivery

(IV) Introduction of faceless schemes

(V) Making moral overhauling of
public servant.

(VI) Awareness in society

Corruption is one of major reason
of low progress of our country.

6.

निम्नलिखित में से प्रत्येक उद्धरण का आपके लिए क्या मायने रखता है?

What do each of the following quotations mean to you?

(a)

“गरीबी पर काबू पाना दान का कार्य नहीं है; यह न्याय का कार्य है।” नेल्सन मंडेला (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

“Overcoming poverty is not a task of charity; it is an act of justice.” Nelson Mandela (Answer in 150 words)

10

Mahatma Gandhi said poverty is worst form of crime in the society.

In our country 22% people are below poverty line (Tendulkar Committee)

Poverty alleviation is act of justice

→ Denial of basic human rights due to poverty.

→ Right to shelter, right to food, right to health.

→ Poverty creates many social ills → social crimes in society

→ poverty hampers equality of opportunity.

→ Amartya Sen said absence of equal opportunity is

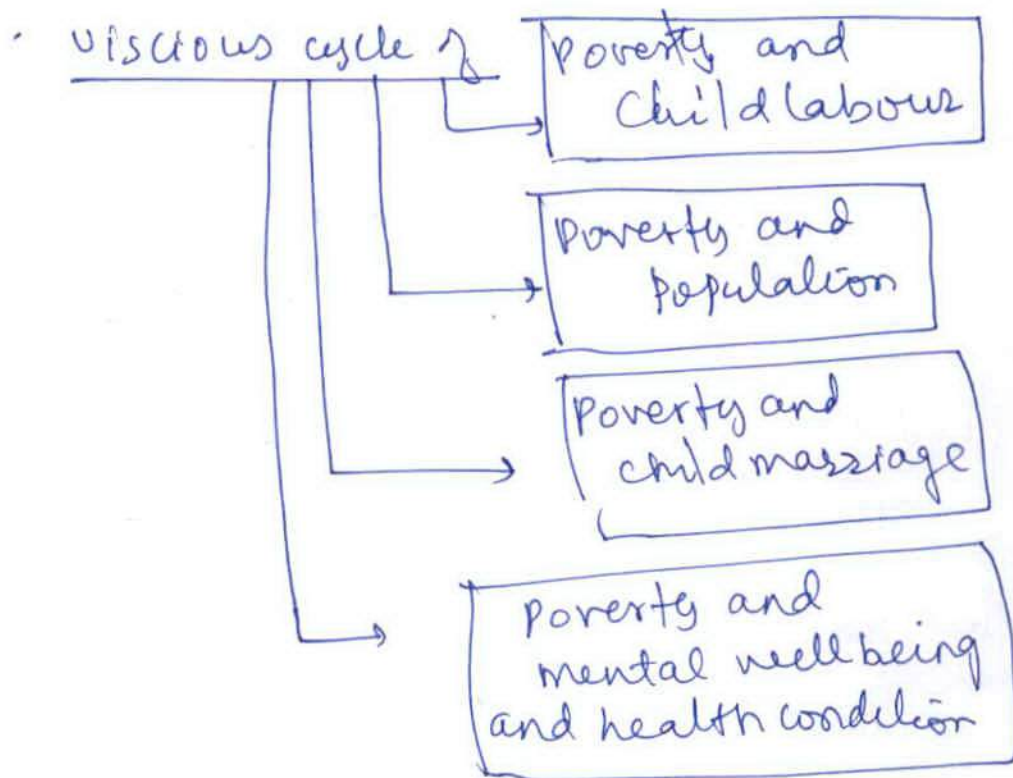
उम्मीदवारों को इस हार्शिए में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
Candidates must not write on this margin

a form of poverty in its own way.

→ poverty denies access to education

↳ Education is a path towards liberation

→ Poverty is a viscious cycle and accelerates many other problems.



Thus as Nelson Mandela ~~set~~ said; poverty overcoming is a form of Justice.

This is reason for it being first goal under SDG 2030

6. (b)

"मेरा यह मानना है कि जहां कायरता और हिंसा में से केवल किसी एक को चुनना हो तो मैं हिंसा चुनने की सलाह दूंगा।" - महात्मा गांधी (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

"I do believe that, where there is only a choice between cowardice and violence, I would advise violence." - Mahatma Gandhi (Answer in 150 words) _____ 10

उम्मीदवारों के
एस इतिहास में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

Mahatma Gandhi preached and practice non-violence throughout his life.

During ~~only~~ only choice between cowardice and violence :-

Reason for choosing violence :-

(i) May provide relief from the human right violation

(ii) May give courage to fight ethically against the issue.

(iii) May raise the moral and conscience level in others.

→ Revolutionary activity impact on national unity

Reasons for not choosing cowardice :-

- (I) It further accelerates the challenge.
- (II) provide avenue for more suppression
- (III) create a possibility of mass human right violation
- (IV) Against dignity of individual
- (V) No possibility of any solution in difficult scenario.
- (VI) Haphazard development of value of courage in society.
- (VII) vulnerability of individual further increases.

Thus, when only choice is cowardice and violence, violence is the way.

But clear understanding and distinction of available

choices are also equally important.

"Forgiveness is not cowardice"

6. (c)

"परिवर्तन अपरिहार्यता के पहियों पर नहीं चलता है, बल्कि निरंतर संघर्ष के माध्यम से आता है।" मार्टिन लूथर किंग जूनियर (150 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

"Change does not roll in on the wheels of inevitability, but comes through continuous struggle." Martin Luther King Jr (Answer in 150 words) 10

उम्मीदवारों को इस स्थिति में नहीं लिखना चाहिए। Candidates must not write on this margin

"Change is only constant in the world". The statement says that change is happening continuously but, it is not happening own its own. There are continuous struggle by change agent.

Change a result of struggle

(i) social renaissance in 19th century was because of struggle of R. Mohan Roy, Jyotiba Phule, and many more.

(ii) Independence was because of struggle of leaders and sacrifices of various leaders

(iii) Changes in technology is happening

due to struggle done by ~~tramm~~
engineering and scientist -

(11) changes in moral values are
result of struggle of society

→ Navtej Singh Johar Case
for decriminalizing homo-
sexuality

(12) changes in our inner self
due to continuous struggle.
in our value system.

This change is not coming on
~~the~~ wheels of inevitability.

It is a vehicle that is
running on engine ~~of~~ with
fuel of struggle and sacrifices

7.

आप एक मेट्रोपॉलिटन शहर में पुलिस आयुक्त के रूप में तैनात हैं जहां एक आधिकारिक समारोह में अतिथि के रूप में शामिल होने के लिए राष्ट्रपति स्तर की सुरक्षा प्राप्त एक विदेशी पदाधिकारी के दौरे का कार्यक्रम है। सुरक्षा तैयारियों के एक भाग के रूप में यह निर्णय लिया गया है कि शहर में समारोह स्थल तक पहुंचने के लिए विदेशी पदाधिकारी द्वारा उपयोग किए जाने वाले मार्ग पर किसी भी वाहन यातायात की अनुमति नहीं दी जाएगी। हालांकि, विदेशी पदाधिकारी के आगमन के लिए निर्धारित समय से ठीक 15 मिनट पहले आपको यह सूचना मिलती है कि गंभीर रूप से बीमार एक मरीज, निजी कार से अस्पताल ले जाते समय अपने परिवार के साथ रास्ते में फँस गया है। इस स्थिति में, निम्नलिखित का उत्तर दीजिए:

- वी. आई. पी. के आवागमन के लिए यातायात रोकने से जुड़े मुद्दों पर चर्चा कीजिए।
- इस स्थिति में आपके समक्ष उपलब्ध विकल्पों को उनके गुणों एवं दोषों के साथ सूचीबद्ध कीजिए।
- आपकी कार्रवाई क्या होगी? उचित तर्कों के साथ उसका औचित्य सिद्ध कीजिए। (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

You are posted as the Commissioner of Police in a metropolitan city where a visiting foreign dignitary, with President-level security cover, is scheduled to visit for an official function. As a part of the security preparedness, it has been decided that no vehicular traffic will be allowed on the route which will be taken by the foreign dignitary to reach the venue of the function in the city. However, just 15 minutes before the scheduled arrival of the dignitary, you are informed that a critically-ill patient is stuck on the way to the hospital in a private car along with his family.

In this situation, answer the following:

- Discuss the issues involved in halting traffic for VIP movement.
- List the options available to you in this situation with their merits and demerits.
- What will be your course of action? Justify with proper reasoning. (Answer in 250 words) 20

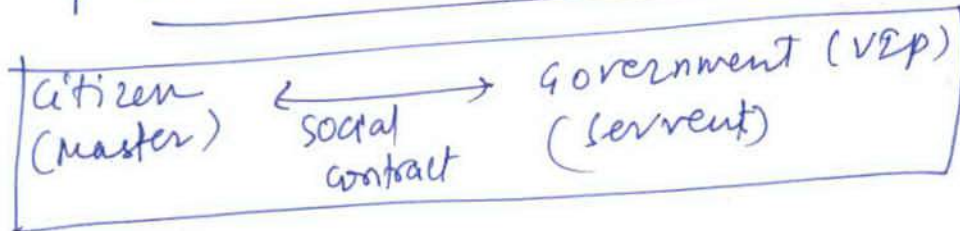
The case is example of balance
of governance protocol and
public service delivery.

Aim: Ensuring minimum public
disturbance due to official work.

(a) Issues involved in halting

traffic for VIP movement:-

- (i) Economy disturbance due to mobility obstruction
- (ii) Against the principle of model of service contract (social contract)



- (iii) violates the principle of equality of preamble (Article 14, 15)
- (iv) many cases of emergency due to stuck traffic.
- (v) culture of colonial supremacy of administration still present.

(B) In the given situation available options are as following: -

(i) Waiting for convoy to pass merit

- (1) Assurance of safety of convoy
- (ii) No disturbance in management

Demerit

- (1) Threat of loss of life
- (ii) Against reasonable

(10) Protocol is followed.

~~is~~ restriction

(11) Not just to patient and family

Option 2

Arranging the doctor on site and managing the situation

Merit

(i) May or may not save the situation

(ii) management of traffic not disturbed

Demerit

(i) may endanger the life of the person

(ii) arranging doctor on site is difficult

(iii) Patient is in critical situation.

(11) ~~Arranging~~ Option 3 allowing the traffic to pass without restriction

Merit

(i) Saving life as priority

(ii) protection of patient

(iii) Happy family

Demerit

(i) Against national security protocol.

(ii) will damage relation with the country.

(c) option that will be adopted by me :-

- (1) Arranging the safe passage for the ambulance by arranging an ~~best~~ ambulance with emergency doctors.

⇓
Transferring the patient from private car to the pre arranged ~~best~~ ambulance

⇓

merits

- (1) saving life without compromising security
(2) safe passage to hospital

demerits

- (1) security protocol not disturbed and ~~not~~
(2) relation with the foreign state preserved.

In this way, I would be able to show priority to national security, compassion towards

the patient

उम्मीदवारों को
इस हार्जिन में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

8.

ट्रांसजेंडर समुदाय शुरुआती समय से ही भारत के सामाजिक ढांचे का हिस्सा रहा है लेकिन उसे कभी भी समाज के एक सम्मानित वर्ग के रूप में मान्यता नहीं मिली है। 'हिजड़ा' शब्द भारत में पारंपरिक रूप से उन ट्रांसजेंडर महिलाओं के लिए इस्तेमाल किया जाता है जिनका जन्म पुरुष के रूप में हुआ था। पवित्र हिंदू ग्रंथों के अनुसार इस समुदाय की भूमिका और महत्त्व विवाह एवं जन्म समारोहों में अच्छे भाग्य के लिए आशीर्वाद देने तक ही केंद्रित है। 19वीं शताब्दी में ब्रिटिश राज के आगमन के साथ ही "क्रॉस-ड्रेसिंग" के कृत्यों को एक दंडनीय अपराध माना गया और यदि ऐसे अपराध बार-बार किए जाते थे तो कारावास का दंड दिया जाता था। इस प्रकार, हिजड़ों का अपराधीकरण शुरू हुआ। हालांकि, वर्तमान समय में इस समुदाय को पहले की तुलना में कानूनी समर्थन प्राप्त है और वे सामाजिक रूप से सशक्त हैं, किंतु ये अभी भी ट्रांसजेंडर लोगों के प्रति भेदभाव-संबंधी हिंसा, गरीबी और अलगाव के शिकार हैं। उपर्युक्त के आलोक में, निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

- (a) ट्रांसजेंडर लोगों द्वारा अपने जीवन के विभिन्न चरणों के दौरान सामना की जाने वाली चुनौतियों की पहचान कीजिए।
- (b) ट्रांसजेंडर समुदाय के उत्थान के लिए वर्तमान समय में की गई कई पहलों के बावजूद भारत में उनके साथ लगातार हो रहे भेदभाव के कारणों पर चर्चा कीजिए। (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

The transgender community has been a part of India's social set up since the very beginning but never recognized as a reputable part of the society. 'Hijra' is a term traditionally used in India for transgender women who were born male. The role and value of this community in accordance with the sacred Hindu texts condenses to the performance of blessings at marriage and birth ceremonies for good fortune. With the advent of the British Raj in the 19th century, the acts of "cross-dressing" were registered as a criminal offence and if such offences were committed repeatedly, imprisonment followed. Thus, began the criminalization of hijras. Today, although legally supported and socially empowered as compared to earlier times, hijras are still subject to transphobic discrimination-associated violence, poverty, and segregation.

In light of the above, answer the following:

- (a) Identify the challenges faced by transgenders during the different stages of their life.
- (b) Discuss the reasons for the continuing discrimination against transgenders in India despite several initiatives for their upliftment in recent times. (Answer in 250 words) 20

As per National Human Right

Commission, there are total 5 lakh

registered transgender in the country but actually number is as high as 50-60 lakh.

Transgender community are one

उम्मीदवारों को इस कक्ष में नहीं लिखना चाहिए।
Candidates must not write on this margin

of the most marginalised community in the country.

(a) Challenges faced by transgenders

(i) during childhood :-

(a) mental breakdown due to not non conformity in the traditional or main-stream system

→ Absence of ~~equ~~ equality of opportunity article (15, 16, 17, 14) at all stage of life.

(ii) Adulthood

→ Absence of dignified work by the society :-

social discrimination in pay, status of work and quality of work.

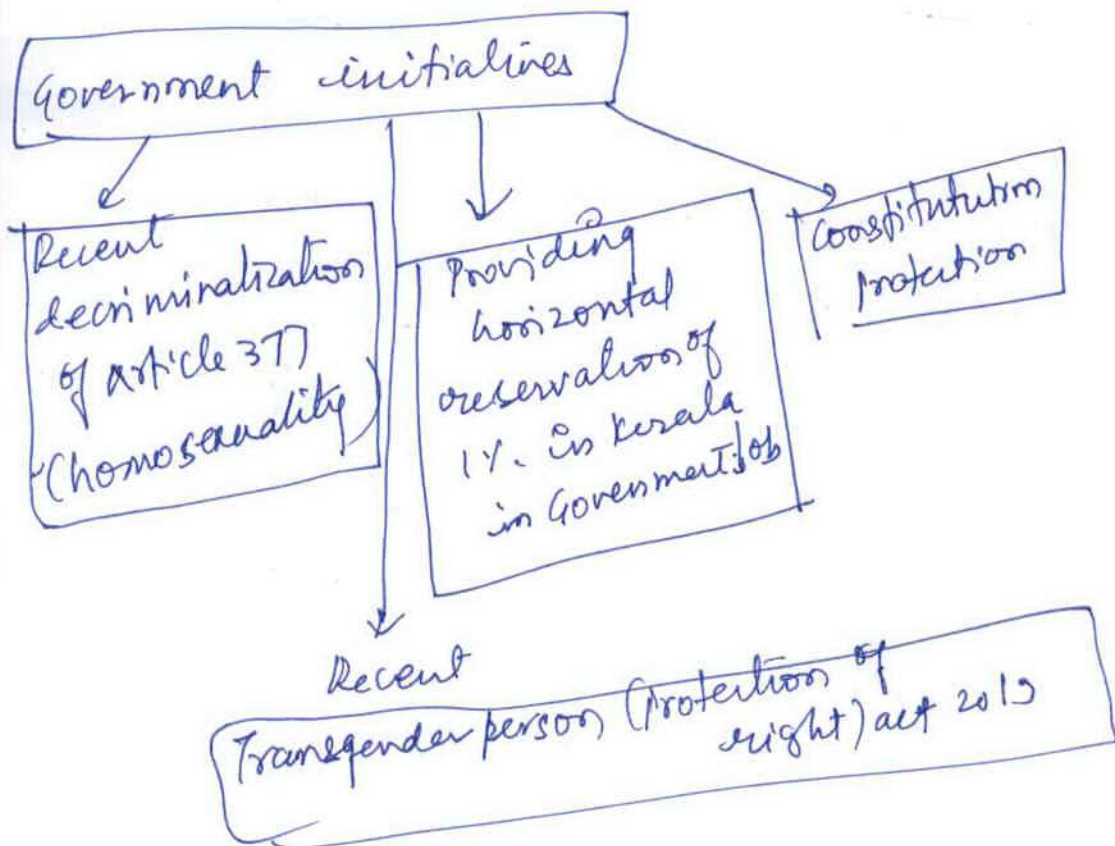
(iii) No representation in socio-cultural events

(iv) no redressal to grievances of the community

(iv) continuous atrocities by all the
sectors of society
→ use of force by police to threaten
them

(v) Denial of Right to shelter in
the society.

Despite several initiative taken
by government post independence
the still are ~~most~~ discriminated.



(b) Reason for continuing discrimination

(i) social normalization of the community: —
→ society has not accepted them collectively

(ii) Absence of compassion in the community about their problem

(iii) stereotyping of role of the section

↓
~~Equating~~ Equating their work to the begging role

(iv) lackadaisical approach of law maintaining institution

↳ No strict implementation of safeguard

(v) Non-inclusive representation of section in government sector

↳ negligible presence

(vi) Absence of sensitization in law making and administration

To ensure dignity to the
community: →

उम्मीदवारों को
इस कक्ष में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

- (i) Provide representation everywhere
- (ii) Moral overhauling of society
- (iii) providing additional safeguarded
to them.
- (iv) Ensuring equality and protection
of right.

It has been told to ensure
Justice and welfare state in
our country, the administration
and legislation has to be
favorable towards Marginalized
Section of society

9.

आप एक राज्य में पुलिस महानिरीक्षक के रूप में तैनात एक आई. पी. एस. अधिकारी हैं। हाल ही में राज्य के एक जिले में कथित तौर पर पुलिस उपाधीक्षक (डी. एस. पी.) की मौजूदगी में हिरासत में हुई हिंसा के कारण एक पिता एवं पुत्र की मृत्यु से पूरे राज्य में आक्रोश फैल गया है। यह कोई अकेली घटना नहीं है, क्योंकि पुलिस द्वारा शारीरिक हमले के कारण हिरासत में हुई मौतों के संबंध में मानवाधिकार समूहों द्वारा पहले भी आरोप लगाए जाते रहे हैं। राज्य के उच्च न्यायालय ने हाल की इस घटना पर स्वतः संज्ञान लेते हुए राज्य सरकार को नोटिस जारी कर हिरासत में मौतों की बढ़ती घटनाओं पर विस्तृत रिपोर्ट मांगी है। राज्य सरकार ने घटना की जांच करने और इससे जुड़े तथ्यों की सत्यता के बारे में एक विस्तृत रिपोर्ट प्रस्तुत करने के लिए एक समिति का गठन किया है। आपको समिति का नेतृत्व करने के लिए कहा गया है। आप जिले के पुलिस उपाधीक्षक को एक ईमानदार, मेहनती और शुचितापूर्ण अधिकारी के रूप में जानते हैं। उसने आपसे निजी तौर पर अनुरोध किया है कि आप उसे किसी भी गलत कार्य के आरोप से मुक्त कर दें क्योंकि उसका दावा है कि वह घटना के समय वहां पर मौजूद नहीं था। आप जानते हैं कि उसके खिलाफ कोई भी कार्रवाई उसकी प्रतिष्ठा और करियर के लिए हानिकारक होगी। वहीं दूसरी ओर, विभाग के वरिष्ठ अधिकारी राज्य में पुलिस की समग्र छवि की रक्षा के लिए सारा दोष डी. एस. पी. पर डालने और उसे बलि का बकरा बनाने के लिए आप पर दबाव बना रहे हैं।

उम्मीदवारों को इस छवि में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
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दिए गए परिदृश्य में, निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

- इस प्रकरण में शामिल हितधारकों और नैतिक मुद्दों की पहचान कीजिए।
- यह सुनिश्चित करने के लिए कि जांच न्यायसंगत और निष्पक्ष हो, आप क्या कदम उठाएंगे?
- भारत में पुलिस बल अपने दिन-प्रतिदिन के काम-काज में जिन चुनौतियों के दबाव में काम करते हैं, उन्हें देखते हुए कुछ पहलों का सुझाव दीजिए। (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

You are an IPS officer posted as the Inspector General of Police in a state. The recent death of a father-son duo in one of the districts in the state, due to custodial violence allegedly in the presence of the Deputy Superintendent of Police (DSP), has sparked anger across the state. This is not an isolated incident, as there have been allegations raised by human rights groups in the past regarding custodial deaths due to physical assault by the police. The High Court of the State, taking suo moto cognizance of the recent incident, has served a notice to the state government, seeking a detailed report on the rising instances of custodial deaths. The state government has constituted a Committee to probe the incident and submit a detailed report about the veracity of facts related to it. You have been asked to head the Committee. You know the Deputy Superintendent of Police of the district to be an honest, hardworking and upright officer. He has privately requested you to absolve him of any wrongdoing as he claims not to be present when the incident occurred. You know that any action against him will be detrimental to his reputation and career. On the other hand, the seniors in the department are pressurising you to put all the blame on the DSP and make him a sacrificial lamb in order to protect the overall image of the police in the state.

In the given scenario, answer the following questions:

- Identify the stakeholders and the ethical issues involved in the case.
- What steps will you take to ensure that the enquiry is seen to be fair and impartial?
- Given the challenges that the police forces in India operate under in their day-to-day functioning, suggest some initiatives to address them. (Answer in 250 words) 20

The custodial death is a serious
problem of criminal justice system
(specially police system) in India.

Aim is to make a reformative,
morally responsible, and ethically
correct policing system

(a) Stakeholder in the case :-

- (i) Inspector General of Police (I.G.)
- (ii) Father-son duo (who died in jail)
- (iii) DSP and other police official
- (iv) Seniors of the department
- (v) Fellow inmates in Jail
- (vi) High court of state
- (vii) State Government
- (viii) Common public at large

(b) Ethical issues involved in the
case :-

- ① use of unreasonable force leading to custodial death
(- Misuse of power given by authority)
- ② Frequent occurrence of such instances reflect behavioural and attitudinal problem in the system.
- ③ undue pressure of seniors to blame DSP without fair enquiry
- ④ Misuse of Personal relation by DSP for support from the me.
→ Conflict of Interest in the case for fair enquiry

⑤ while dealing with the committee and case of I will ensure complete integrity to following principles: -

- (1) Rule of law,
- (ii) Transparency and accountability
- (iii) Non partisanship and impartiality
- (iv) objectivity and rationality

steps taken by me to ensure enquiry is fair and impartial :-

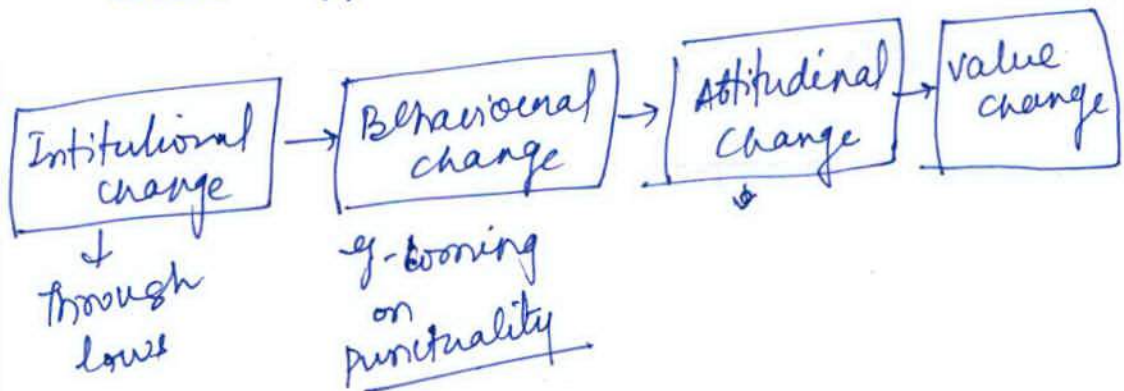
- ① maintaining record of any interaction happening during the course of inquiry.
- ② Absence of any interaction with stakeholders outside the domain of enquiry.
- ③ keep the information of inquiry restricted to responsible persons.
- ④ using principle of natural justice and hearing everyone without personal biasness.
- ⑤ objectivity and rationality lens will be used all the time.
- ⑥ measures to address the challenges Police system faces :-
 - (i) Providing adequate number of human resource as per requirement.
↳ NO pushing beyond acceptable limit
 - (ii) separation of inquiry division and

normal low order maintenance division

(11) Recommendation of Prakash Singh case should be implemented

(12) Increasing infrastructural capacity.

(13) Bringing value change through below approach.



(14) Improving community and police relation through moral policing

(15) continuous training of officers.

Police system ~~can~~ ensure balance in society and must be guided with utmost moral principles.

मिस्टर X एक अरबपति व्यवसायी हैं जो बीमा, ऊर्जा उत्पादन एवं वितरण तथा विनिर्माण कार्य में संलग्न एक बड़ी कंपनी के प्रमुख हैं। विश्व भर में एक महान परोपकारी के रूप में उनकी पहचान होने के बावजूद, उन्होंने एक शेयरधारक के उस अनुरोध को ठुकरा दिया है जिसमें जलवायु परिवर्तन के साथ-साथ विविधता और समावेशन से संबंधित मुद्दों पर कंपनी की कार्रवाइयों का खुलासा करने की मांग की गई थी।

उम्मीदवारों को
इस हशिप में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
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जलवायु और विविधता के मुद्दों पर बढ़ते ध्यान के कारण, कई प्रमुख फर्मों ने अपनी व्यावसायिक रणनीतियों में प्रासंगिक विचारों को शामिल करने के लिए खुद को प्रतिबद्ध किया है। इसलिए, कुछ उद्योग-पर्यवेक्षकों ने आश्चर्य व्यक्त किया है कि क्या मिस्टर X बड़े पैमाने पर उद्योग के संपर्क में नहीं हैं और उन्हें यह चेतावनी दी है कि जलवायु परिवर्तन के मुद्दों को हल करने में विफल रहने से उनके व्यवसाय के लिए प्रणालीगत जोखिम उत्पन्न हो सकता है। इसके बावजूद, मिस्टर X प्रकटीकरण प्रस्ताव के खिलाफ अपने मत पर कायम रहे, साथ ही जलवायु परिवर्तन और विविधतापूर्ण एवं समावेशी कार्यबल इन दोनों के महत्व को भी स्वीकार किया। हालांकि, मिस्टर X का मानना है कि शेयरधारकों के लाभ को अधिकतम करने के लिए इस तरह के नैतिक मुद्दे गौण महत्व रखते हैं।

- एक व्यावसायिक संगठन में जलवायु परिवर्तन से जुड़ी रणनीतियों और विविधता एवं समावेश को शामिल करने के महत्व पर चर्चा कीजिए?
- आपकी राय में, एक व्यावसायिक संगठन के लिए क्या अधिक मायने रखता है- सामाजिक-पर्यावरणीय चिंताएं या शेयरधारकों का लाभ?
- उपर्युक्त दो मुद्दों को कैसे सुलझाया जा सकता है? (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

Mr. X is a billionaire businessman who heads a conglomerate engaged in insurance, energy generation and distribution, and manufacturing. Despite being globally known as a great philanthropist, he turned down a shareholder request seeking the disclosure of the conglomerate's actions on issues related to climate change as well as diversity and inclusion.

Because of increased attention to climate and diversity issues, many leading firms have committed themselves to incorporate relevant considerations in their business strategies. Therefore, some industry-observers wonder if Mr. X is out of touch with the industry at large and have warned him that failing to address climate change issues puts his businesses under systemic risk. But, Mr. X maintained his vote against the disclosure proposal, while at the same time acknowledged the importance of both climate change and a diverse and inclusive work force. However, Mr. X believes that such ethical issues take secondary importance to maximising shareholder profit.

- Discuss the importance of including climate change strategies and diversity and inclusion in a business organisation?
- In your opinion, what matters more for a business organisation - socio-environmental concerns or shareholder profit?
- How can the two above-mentioned issues be reconciled? (Answer in 250 words)

20

The just action should, not only be done ~~ed~~ but also be seen done.

The non disclosure by Mr X about the climate change questions high overall philanthropy and high genuine motives for overall stakeholder development ..

(a) Importance of including climate change related strategy in business?

- (i) Industries contribute maximum to carbon emissions
- (ii) moral responsibility to protect the environment because environment is one stakeholder
- (iii) To ensure long term sustainability of the organization
- (iv) To increase trust among consumers

organization and diversity and inclusion

- (v) Representation of all section of society

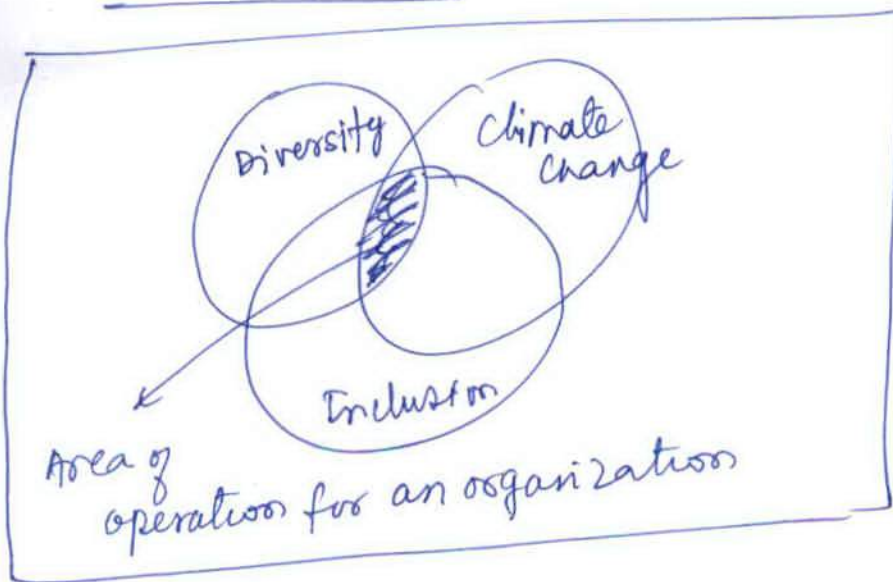
improve brand vision and connect.

(i) Adherence to Constitutional morality
article 14, 15, and equality under
article 39 of DPSP

(ii) Provide wider perspective to product
development

(iii) Inclusive growth with diversity
is only sustainable growth

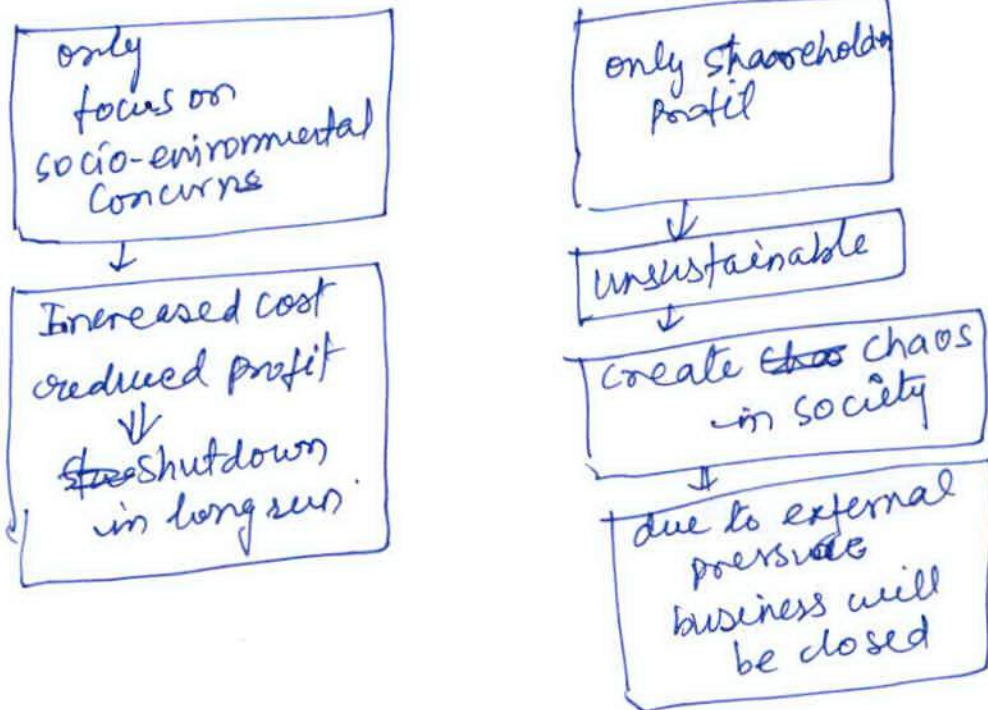
(iv) Product become more inclusive with
better inputs



(b) In my opinion both ~~Socioeconomics~~
socio-environmental concern and
shareholder's profit matters for
an organization

Justification:-

(1) Achieving one without other is not feasible in long term.

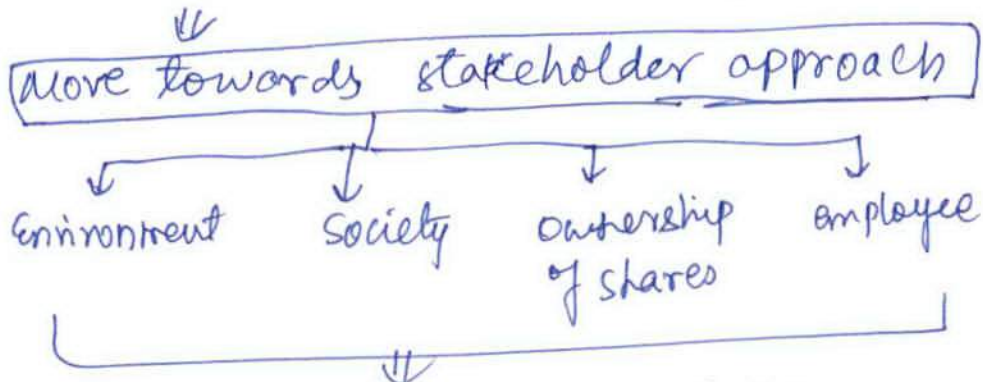


Thus

(i) Climate change, social inclusion, representation is important concern in 21st century.

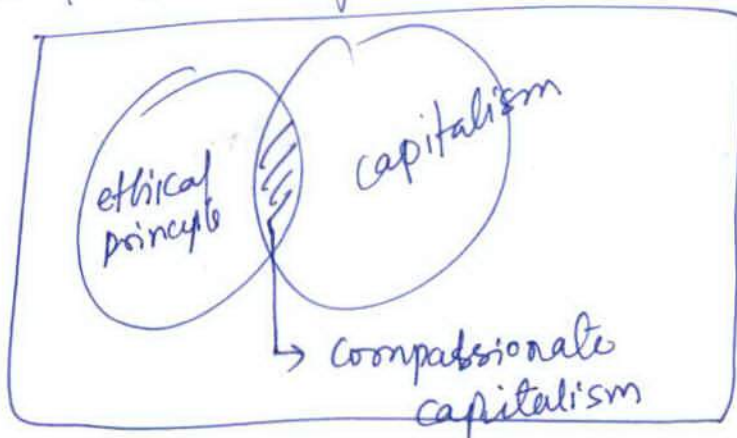
(ii) Act under categorical imperative (Kantian philosophy) we should not adopt a path which cannot be implemented universally.

③ To reconcile both the issues we should redefine the definition of shareholders for and organization



Now focus on maximizing profit for both and we will be able to reconcile both.

What we need in present time is compassionate capitalism to ensure balance in sustainability and profitability



11.

आप एक ऐसे जिले में पुलिस अधीक्षक (SP) के रूप में तैनात हैं जहां विभिन्न धार्मिक समुदायों के लोग एक साथ शांतिपूर्वक रह रहे हैं। यह जिला अपनी स्थापत्य विरासत के लिए भी प्रसिद्ध है और यहां विश्व भर से पर्यटक नियमित रूप से आते हैं। हालांकि, पड़ोसी राज्य में एक ऐसी घटना हुई है जिसमें दो अलग-अलग समुदायों के लोगों ने धार्मिक मुद्दों पर लड़ाई शुरू कर दी है। इस घटना का प्रभाव पूरे देश पर पड़ा है। आपकी तैनाती वाले क्षेत्र में भी विभिन्न स्रोतों से आपको हेट स्पीच वाले कुछ ऐसे वीडियो के प्रसार की सूचना मिली है जो कानून और व्यवस्था की स्थिति को बिगाड़ सकते हैं। आप यह भी जानते हैं कि आपके जिले में संदिग्ध नीयत से कुछ बाहरी लोगों का आना शुरू हो गया है। एक इलाके में एक दुकानदार की, जिसने पहले इंटरनेट पर कुछ पोस्ट करने के कारण मिलने वाली धमकियों के बारे में शिकायत दर्ज कराई थी, उसकी निर्दयतापूर्वक हत्या कर दी गई है। इस घटना ने पूरे देश को स्तब्ध कर दिया है। आपको यह सूचना दी गई है कि दुकानदार जिस समुदाय का था, उस समुदाय के सैकड़ों लोग आपके जिले में व्यापक विरोध प्रदर्शन करने की योजना बना रहे हैं।

- (a) दी गई स्थिति में, जिले में कानून और व्यवस्था की स्थिति को स्थिर बनाए रखने के लिए आपके समक्ष क्या विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं। अपनी कार्रवाइयों का विस्तृत विवरण प्रदान कीजिए।
- (b) क्या आपको लगता है कि वर्तमान कानूनी और संस्थागत ढांचे समाज में हेट स्पीच के खतरे से निपटने के लिए पर्याप्त हैं? (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

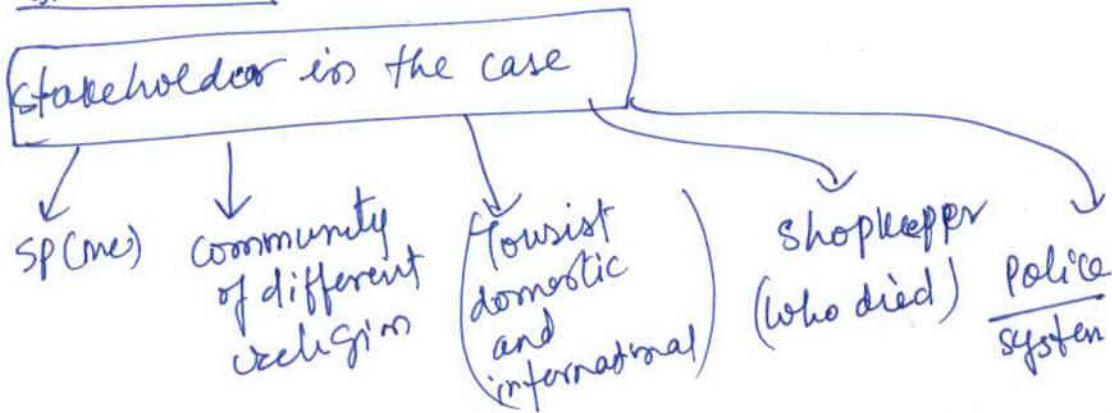
You are posted as a Superintendent of Police (SP) in a district where people of different religious communities are living together peacefully. The district is also famous for its architectural heritage and is regularly visited by tourists from all around the world. However, there has been an incident in the nearby state where people of two different communities have started fighting over religious issues. This incident has a spillover effect over the whole country. In your own area of jurisdiction, you have come to know from various sources about circulation of some hate speech videos, which have the potential to destabilise the law and order situation. You are also aware that some outsiders with dubious intentions have started pouring in your district. In one locality, a shopkeeper who had earlier filed a complaint regarding threats he received for posting something on the internet, is found murdered in cold blood. This incident has stunned the nation. You are being informed that hundreds of people of the community to which the shopkeeper belonged are planning to stage a massive protest in your district.

- (a) In the given situation, what are the options available to you to ensure that the law and order situation in the district remains stable. Provide a detailed account of your course of action.
- (b) Do you think the present legal and institutional mechanisms are sufficient to tackle the menace of hate speech in the society? (Answer in 250 words) 20

social harmony is ^{one of} main aim of our
Police system and the strength of
our diversity also comes from this
harmony. But overtime the cases
like Gujarat riot, Muzaffarnagar riots

reminds of consequences of instability:

The case also present the similar situations:



(a) optional available to be me to ensure law and order in district :-

(i) creating continuous and strict surveillance due to presence of outsider with dubious intention

(ii) next step is to create emergency team ready to ensure the handling in case any violence takes place

(iii) Providing complete protection to

tourists as well as all the archaeological places.

- (iv) conducting meeting with the Shopkeeper's community and communicating for peaceful protest within the law of the land
- (v) conducting the enquiry for ~~lack~~ lackadical approach on security of shopkeeper
- (vi) conducting inquiry on death of the shopkeep and providing him Justice as soon as possible
- (vii) taking measures to ensure cyber hygiene and tracking and deletion of fake news, hate speech and actions as per IT act of 2000 against culprits
- (b) Present mechanism to deal with hate speech :-
- (1) IT act of 2002 provide institutional

mechanism

(i) IT, a rule of 2021 to provide three layer structure to take care of social media related fake news

(ii) mechanism of ~~for~~ suspension of internet in case of extreme situation.

The present system ~~are~~ is ~~not~~ either reactive or very extreme (suspension of internet) :

measures required : —

(i) Institutional capacity building →

cyber cells in police department

(ii) continuous awareness among citizenry regarding fake news forwards

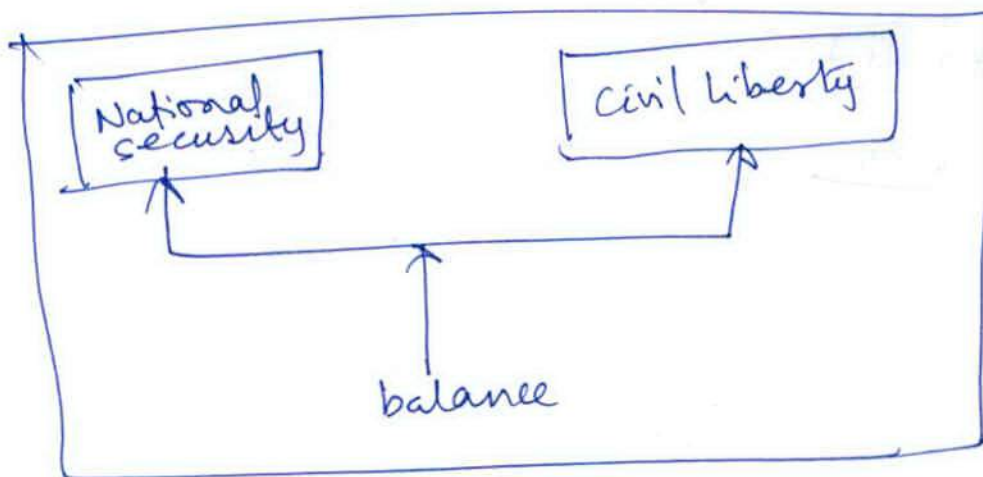
(iii) inculcating media ethics in our media system to provide only authenticated and verified information .

(iv) control over sensitization of news .

उम्मीदवारों को इस हार्शिए में नहीं लिखना चाहिए
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In this way we will be able to handle hate news, speeches from all angles.

The age of infodemics require a balanced approach from government. The below balance must be maintained all the time



भारतीय शिक्षा प्रणाली कई समस्याओं से ग्रस्त है। प्रमुख समस्याओं में से एक 'रटकर सीखने' पर ध्यान केंद्रित करना है, जो कई वर्षों से भारतीय शिक्षा प्रणाली की मुख्य विशेषता रही है। हालांकि, कई भारतीयों ने इस प्रणाली के बावजूद सफलता प्राप्त की है, किंतु आज की दुनिया में केवल सूचनाओं को याद रखने में सक्षम होना ही पर्याप्त नहीं है, जबकि वह सूचना किसी भी व्यक्ति को मोबाइल फोन पर तुरंत उपलब्ध हो जाती है। 200 भारतीय और विदेशी कंपनियों के एक सर्वेक्षण में पाया गया है कि केवल 14% भारतीय स्नातक कार्यबल में शामिल होने के लायक थे। इसका मुख्य कारण यह था कि अधिकांश स्नातक वास्तविक दुनिया की समस्याओं को हल करने के लिए अपने ज्ञान का प्रयोग करने में असमर्थ थे। इस संदर्भ में, निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:

- (a) देश में युवा छात्रों के शैक्षिक विकास पर 'रटकर सीखने' के क्या प्रभाव हुए हैं?
- (b) इस मुद्दे को हल करने के लिए किए जा सकने वाले उपायों का सुझाव दीजिए। (250 शब्दों में उत्तर दीजिए)

The Indian education system suffers from many ills. One of the major issues is the focus on 'rote learning', which has been the staple of the Indian education system for many years. While many Indians have attained success despite this system, simply being able to recall information is not enough in today's world when that information is instantly available to anyone on a mobile phone. A survey of 200 Indian and foreign companies found that only 14% of Indian graduates were prepared for the workforce, largely because most graduates were unable to apply their knowledge to solve real-world problems.

In this context, answer the following questions:

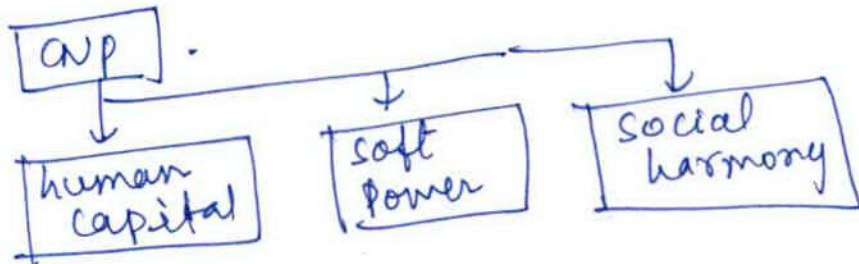
- (a) What are the consequences of 'rote learning' on the educational development of young students in the country?
- (b) Suggest measures that can be taken to address this issue. (Answer in 250 words) 20

The present education system is responsible till a very large extent in creating the useless labour (Economic Survey) in our economy.

As per ~~the~~ reports only 14% workforce is employable ready.

New education policy 2020 came after 38 years and bringing transformational change in the system.

Aim - create chain of productive human resource that increases Comprehensive national power (CNP) as propagated by Dr. A.P.J. Kalam.



(a) consequences of rote learning in youth development :-

- (i) Aptitude development is stopped beyond certain point
↳ Aptitude develop on reasoning
- (ii) ~~is~~ reduction in thinking creatively and innovatively
- (iii) Big gap in skills in present dynamic changing industry
- (iv) Problem solving approach reduces.
- (v) liking for the field also reduces in long term
↳ Result of low performance in maths due to this

(VI) Conversion to research domain of graduate is very less

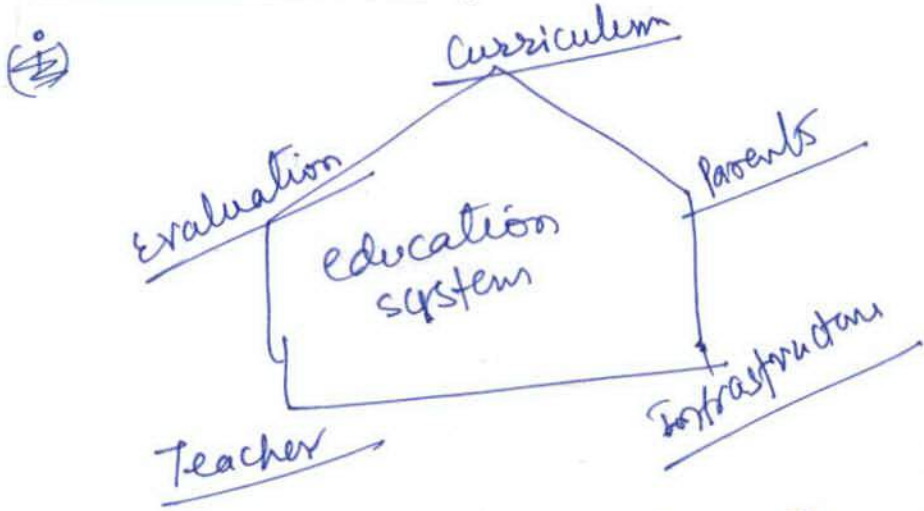
→ Only 0.46% student in India enroll to doctorate after higher education

(VII) Hamper development of emotional intelligence and rationality

(VIII) Intellectual integrity is compromised

(B) Solving the problem of rote learning

require following measures:-



(1) Curriculum → making it more experiment inclined
↳ Principle of Learning by doing

① Teachers → Teacher training is required
→ Finland model of education can be adopted in teaching

③ Parents
↳ Learning happens at home too
↳ Providing questioning mindset by Parents.

④ Infrastructure
↳ Including innovative labs, design thinking curriculum, Entrepreneurship labs (Delhi schools)

⑤ Evaluation Programs
↳ Should not be based on ~~to~~ memory
↳ Should include judgement based on both memory as well as understanding with more focus on understanding.

New education policy 2020, targets on all 5 above mentioned dimension.

Improving education should be
top priority as
Nelson Mandela has mentioned

"Education is most powerful weapon
you can ~~you~~ use to change the
world".

उम्मीदवारों को
इस हिसाब में
नहीं लिखना
चाहिए
Candidates
must not
write on
this margin

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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