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GENERAL STUDIES (TEST CODE : 2088)

Name of Candidate	Komal Punia		
Medium Hindi/Eng.	English	Registration Number	1026090
Center	Online	Date	13-Aug-23

INDEX TABLE			INSTRUCTIONS	
Q. No.	Maximum Marks	Marks Obtained		
1(a)	10		1. Do furnish the appropriate details in the answer sheet (viz. Name, Registration Number and Test Code). उत्तर पुस्तिका में सूचनाएं भरना आवश्यक है (नाम, प्रश्न-पत्र कोड, विद्यार्थी क्रमांक आदि)।	
1(b)	10		2. There are TWELVE questions printed in ENGLISH & HINDI . इसमें बारह प्रश्न हैं अंग्रेजी और हिन्दी में छपे हैं।	
2(a)	10		3. All questions are compulsory. सभी प्रश्न अनिवार्य हैं।	
2(b)	10		4. The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it. प्रत्येक प्रश्न/भाग के अंक उसके सामने दिए गए हैं।	
3(a)	10		5. Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate, which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-Cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in medium other than the authorized one. प्रश्नों के उत्तर उसी माध्यम में लिखे जाने चाहिए जिसका उल्लेख आपके प्रवेश पत्र में किया गया है और उस माध्यम का स्पष्ट उल्लेख प्रश्न-सह-उत्तर (क्यूसीए) पुस्तिका के मुख्य पृष्ठ पर अंकित निर्दिष्ट स्थान पर किया जाना चाहिए। उल्लिखित माध्यम के अतिरिक्त अन्य किसी माध्यम में लिए गए उत्तर पर कोई अंक नहीं मिलेंगे।	
3(b)	10		6. Word limit in questions, if specified, should be adhered to. प्रश्नों में शब्द सीमा, जहाँ विनिर्दिष्ट है, का अनुसरण किया जाना चाहिए।	
3(c)	10		7. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-Cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off. उत्तर पुस्तिका में खाली छोड़ा हुआ पृष्ठ या उसके अंश को स्पष्ट रूप से काटा जाना चाहिए।	
4(a)	10			
4(b)	10			
5(a)	10			
5(b)	10			
6(a)	10			
6(b)	10			
7	20			
8	20			
9	20			
10	20			
11	20			
12	20			
Total Marks Obtained:				
Remarks:				
			Is student recommended for One-to-One mentoring?	
			Recommended	Strongly Recommended

16-B, 2nd Floor, Above National Trust Building, Bada Bazar Marg, Old Rajinder Nagar, Delhi-110060

Plot No. 857, 1st Floor, Banda Bahadur Marg (Opp. Punjab & Sind Bank), Dr. Mukherjee Nagar, Delhi-110009

EVALUATION INDICATORS

1. Contextual Competence
2. Content Competence
3. Language Competence
4. Introduction Competence
5. Structure - Presentation Competence
6. Conclusion Competence

Overall Macro Comments / feedback / suggestions on Answer Booklet:

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

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All the Best

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खण्ड-A (Section-A)

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर लगभग 150 शब्दों में दीजिए:

- 1.(a) दोहरे प्रभाव का सिद्धांत इस विचार पर आधारित है कि यदि किसी व्यक्ति का व्यवहार या आचरण किसी ऐसे लक्ष्य को प्राप्त करने के लिए है जो नैतिक रूप से सही है, लेकिन उसके परिणामस्वरूप एक नैतिक दुष्प्रभाव भी पड़ता है, तब भी उस विशेष व्यवहार या आचरण को अपनाता स्वीकार्य होगा। यह सिद्धांत कठिन नैतिक स्थितियों को सुलझाने में कहां तक सहायता कर सकता है? उपयुक्त उदाहरणों के साथ चर्चा कीजिए।

The principle of double effect is based on the idea that if a person's behaviour or conduct is intended to achieve a goal which is morally good, however, as a result, there is a morally bad side-effect, then it is still acceptable to adopt that particular behaviour or conduct. How far can this principle aid in resolving difficult moral situations? Discuss with suitable examples. (Answer in 150 words) 10

"Falsehood takes place of truth if it results in unblemished common good".
- Tirukural

The quote by Tirukural aptly sums up the principle of double effect as intentions behind particular act are equally important as the outcome.

The withdrawal of ~~ch~~ Non-cooperation movement after incident of Chora-chori had morally bad

side-effects of disenchantment of youth from non-violent methods but Gandhi ji's decision was based on greater moral good of satyagraha.

Similarly, when a civil servant encounters moral dilemmas between code of conduct versus humanitarian duty towards fellow citizens, intention of going beyond explicit duty is morally ethical.

In rising global challenges, which involve crisis of conscience, between rational and global interests e.g. Russia-Ukraine war, terrorism, procurring nuclear weapons, Artificial Intelligence, the intention should be always moral. Only then an ethical order can be established.

1.(b) भारतीय गणराज्य ने सारनाथ स्थित सम्राट अशोक के सिंह शीर्ष को अपने राष्ट्रीय प्रतीक के रूप में चुना, ताकि वैसी ही सद्भावना को प्रतिबिंबित किया जा सके जैसी सम्राट अशोक द्वारा हासिल की गई थी और आधुनिक भारतीय राष्ट्र के लोगों के लिए उनके द्वारा लागू की गई मानवीय नीतियों की निरंतरता बनी रहे। इस पृष्ठभूमि में, उन नैतिक शिक्षाओं पर चर्चा कीजिए जो सम्राट अशोक के जीवन में प्रतिलिखित होती हैं।

The Indian Republic chose Ashoka's Lion Capital at Sarnath as its state emblem to reflect the same harmony achieved by him and effect a continuity with his humane policies towards the people of the modern Indian nation. In this background, discuss the ethical teachings that find resonance in Ashoka's life. (Answer in 150 words) 10

Ashoka's life is an embodiment of ethical dilemmas, their resolution by moral principles and impact of his moral teachings on world.

ethical teachings

① Renunciation of policy of war

↳ Ashoka realised after lakhs killed in Kalinga war.

↳ reflected in India's policy of 'non first use policy', Vaisudhaina Kutumbhaka principles (G20 theme).

② Egalitarian world order respecting unity, equality and equanimity.

↳ reflected in policies like
affirmative actions, Article 14-19,
preamble.

③ Sarvachhrama Sambhava - equality
of all religions.

④ Respecting citizens

↳ "Sabhi Manushe Praja Man" -
all subjects are my responsibility
as said Ashoka.

⑤ Respect for human life, animals
as he prohibited animal killing.

India continues policies from
ancient to modern - reflected in
continuity of Indian civilization
e.g. peace, harmony, coexistence,
equality, unity in diversity
which are reasons of India's
moral leadership at world stage.

2.(a) करुणा और सहिष्णुता अनिवार्यताएं हैं, विलासिता नहीं क्योंकि इनके बिना मानवता जीवित नहीं रह सकती। करुणा और सहिष्णुता के मूल्य किसी लोक सेवक के दैनिक काम-काज में कैसे सहायता करते हैं? उपयुक्त उदाहरणों सहित व्याख्या कीजिए।

Compassion and tolerance are necessities and not luxuries, as without them, humanity cannot survive. How do the values of compassion and tolerance assist in the day-to-day functioning of a civil servant? Explain using suitable examples. (Answer in 150 words) 10

Compassion refers to experiencing one's sufferings and pains accompanied by an intense desire to alleviate it.

Tolerance is respecting one's belief and ideals even if they are not compatible with one's own.

Need of Compassions

- ① Moral support to vulnerables -
[e.g.] Mother Teresa compasonate towards people in need.
- ② Selfless desire to service of humanity
e.g. IAS Srijana Gunmalba worked with 22 day child during covid.
- ③ journey from human being to being humane.

Need of Tolerance

- ① Respect for human rights -
 [e.g.] Lack of tolerance lead to
 80 millions refugee crisis (Syria)
- ② necessary for individual will and
freedom of speech and expression.
 ↳ lack of it leads to hate
speech, riots (Nuh Violence).
- ③ Peaceful existence of all.
 ↳ [e.g.] terrorists lack tolerance
 and destroy humanity.

Civil servants with compassion
 and tolerance will form inclusive
institutions and policies like
NFSA, 2013, Public distribution System,
 PMJDY, PM Awas Vikas Yojana etc
 and lead country to development
path beaded by all.

2.(b) जवाबदेही के लिए पारदर्शिता एक अनिवार्य शर्त है, लेकिन यह स्वतः जवाबदेही की गारंटी नहीं देती है। चर्चा कीजिए। किन परिस्थितियों में पारदर्शिता जवाबदेही की ओर ले जाती है?

Transparency is a necessary condition for accountability, but it does not automatically guarantee accountability. Discuss. Under what conditions does transparency lead to accountability? (Answer in 150 words) 10

Transparency is free and fair disclosure of information to all stakeholders.

Accountability is readiness to explanation or answer for acts done or decisions taken.

Transparency as necessary condition

- ① free access of information (eg. RTI) ⇒ capability building and better demand by citizens.
- ② checks on arbitrary behaviour and actions.
- ③ Improves decision making due to responsibility.
- ④ facilitates both { Horizontal & Vertical accountability.

However, it doesn't automatically guarantee accountability -

- ① Misuse of loopholes -
 (eg) RTI - complex procedure and unaccessibility.
- ② Nexus or corruption leads to erosion of accountability.
 (eg) Scams like 2G scam, Vyapam scam despite legal provisions.

Conditions under which transparency leads to accountability -

- ① Strong deontological basis
 - ↳ periodic revision of laws
 - ↳ grievance redressal.
- ② Individuals with highest and uncompromising moral principles
 (eg) Satyendra Dubey.
- ③ Work culture - positive, honest and integrity values.

Under these conditions, it leads to ethical governance.

3. निम्नलिखित में से प्रत्येक उद्धरण का आपके विचार से क्या अभिप्राय है?
What does each of the following quotations mean to you?

(a) "एक महान व्यक्ति एक प्रतिष्ठित व्यक्ति से इस मायने में भिन्न होता है कि वह समाज का सेवक बनने के लिए तैयार रहता है।" डॉ. भीमराव अंबेडकर

"A great man is different from an eminent one in that he is ready to be the servant of the society." B.R. Ambedkar (Answer in 150 words) 10

Dr Gandhi ji remarked that "highest virtue is service to humanity"; so does Ambedkar highlight this as difference between great and eminent man.

An eminent person is one who excels in one's field like science, history, etc by intelligence and aptitude. e.g. many scientists like Newton, Stephen Hawking etc.

However, a great person is one who is ready to sacrifice all for alleviating pain of others.
e.g. Swami Vivekananda left home and served humanity.

Great people are also one

who look beyond mere self
interests and prioritise others'
interests above oneself.

Eg. Gandhi ji sacrificed his
lucrative lawyer job for national
freedom.

A great man has values
of honesty, integrity, and courage
to face challenges without
slightest wavering.

Eg. Socrates chose to drink
hemlock poison instead of bowing
before insolent might.

Eminent civil servants achieve
very high in their career but
a great civil servant leaves his
indelible imprints on society for
his service. They are truly needed
for progress of all sections of society.

3.(b) "हमारे धर्म अलग-अलग हो सकते हैं, भाषाएं अलग-अलग हो सकती हैं, त्वचा का रंग अलग-अलग हो सकता है, लेकिन हम सभी एक ही मानव जाति से संबंधित हैं।" कोफी अन्नान

"We may have different religions, different languages, different colored skin, but we all belong to one human race." Kofi Annan (Answer in 150 words) 10

The statement of Kofi Annan aptly sums up Mahapurushad message of Vaishudhaiva Kutumbkam (world is one family) - also theme of G20 India.

Despite being diversity in forms of race, religion, language, culture, ethos, entire world is bound by the thread of humanity.

The interconnectedness despite diversity is hallmark of human civilisation.

[e.g.] Issues like climate change,
corona pandemic significantly
exposes the idea of one human
race against these challenges
surpassing barriers of language
& skin colour.

It is also reflected in
African Ubuntu philosophy of -
"I am because we are".

Thus, the underlying
oneness of human race is
needed to counter impending
challenges of climate disasters,
international order (Russia-Ukraine
war), threats of Artificial
Intelligence etc.

3.(c) "शिक्षा का उद्देश्य तथ्यों का नहीं, बल्कि मूल्यों का ज्ञान है।" विलियम राल्फ इंगे

"The aim of education is the knowledge, not of facts, but of values."
William Ralph Inge (Answer in 150 words) 10

"Education is kindling of flame
and not filling of vessel."

The quote summarizes the important role of value education in human life.

Need of value education

Value Education	Mere facts knowledge
① Inculcates values like <u>compassion, empathy, humanism</u> .	① Build eminent persons but not great people.
② Build individuals with strong <u>moral principles</u> - better leaders.	② can cause misuse eg <u>Nuclear technology</u> , misuse of <u>AI</u> etc.

③ focuses on
emotional intelligence

④ help building
ethical societies.

⑤ lays foundation
of ethical governance.

③ Strong deontological
but weak
teleological basis.

④ E.g. terrorists
use facts
knowledge to
destroy.

Way forward

① formal ethical education framework
in schools.

② Code of ethics at organisational
level.

③ Societal norms and values of
respecting and promoting ethical
behaviours.

As per Gandhi, 'Knowledge without
character' is a sin.

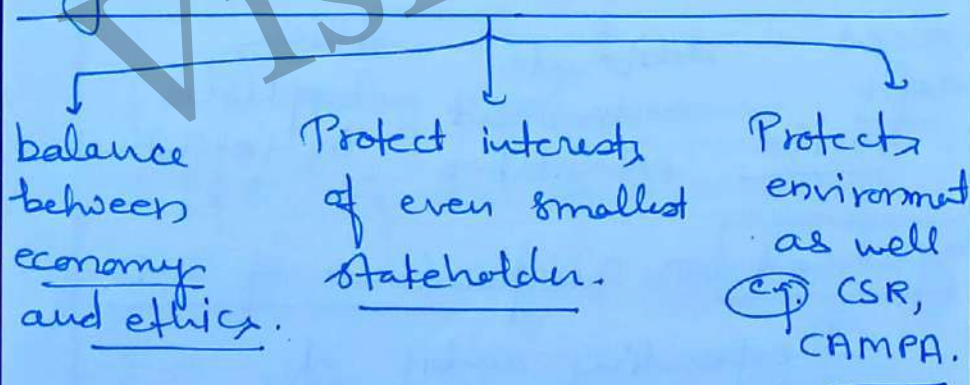
4.(a) नैतिक कॉर्पोरेट गवर्नेंस की अवधारणा समता के संतुलन के सिद्धांत पर काम करती है, जिसके तहत एक तरफ कंपनी, ग्राहकों, आपूर्तिकर्ताओं, वित्त-पोषकों, सरकार और शेयरधारकों तथा दूसरी तरफ बड़े पैमाने पर समुदाय के हितों में संतुलन बनाए रखा जाता है। नैतिक कॉर्पोरेट गवर्नेंस सुनिश्चित करने में कौन-से मूल्य मुख्य भूमिका निभाते हैं?

The concept of ethical corporate governance works on the principle of balance of equity, which seeks to balance the interests of the company, customers, suppliers, financiers, government and shareholders on the one hand and the community at large on the other hand. Which values play a central role in ensuring ethical corporate governance? (Answer in 150 words)

10

Ethical corporate governance is the model of corporate governance which balances interests of all stakeholders.

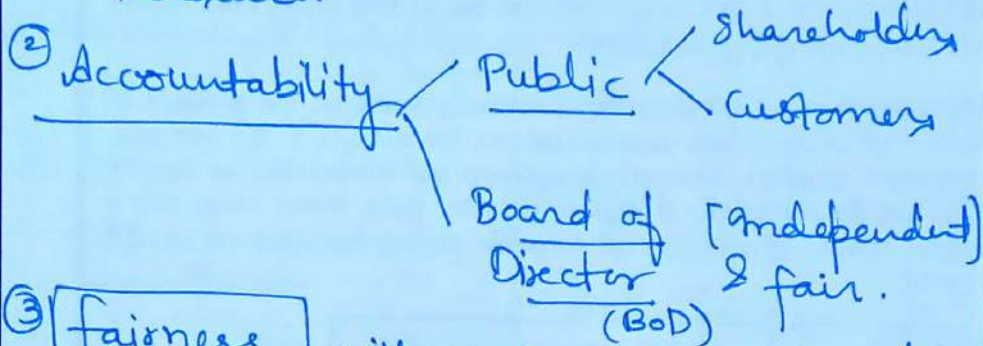
Importance of ethical corporate governance -



Values which play central role

① Transparency - regarding

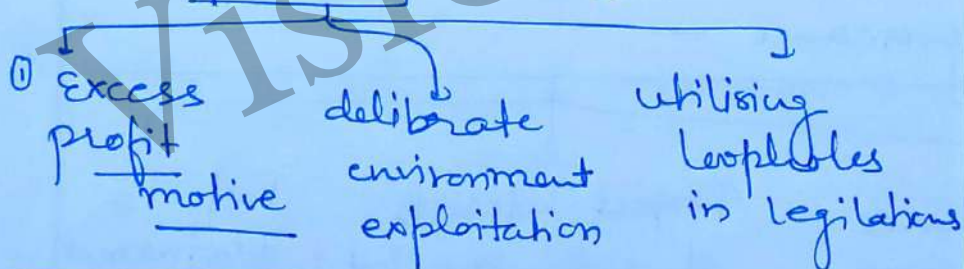
timely and proactive information
disclosure.



③ fairness with respect to corporate practices (e.g.) not indulging in surrogate advertising, insider trading

④ Adherence to Rule of law

However issues life ~~are~~ -



Way ahead ① Independence of BoD.

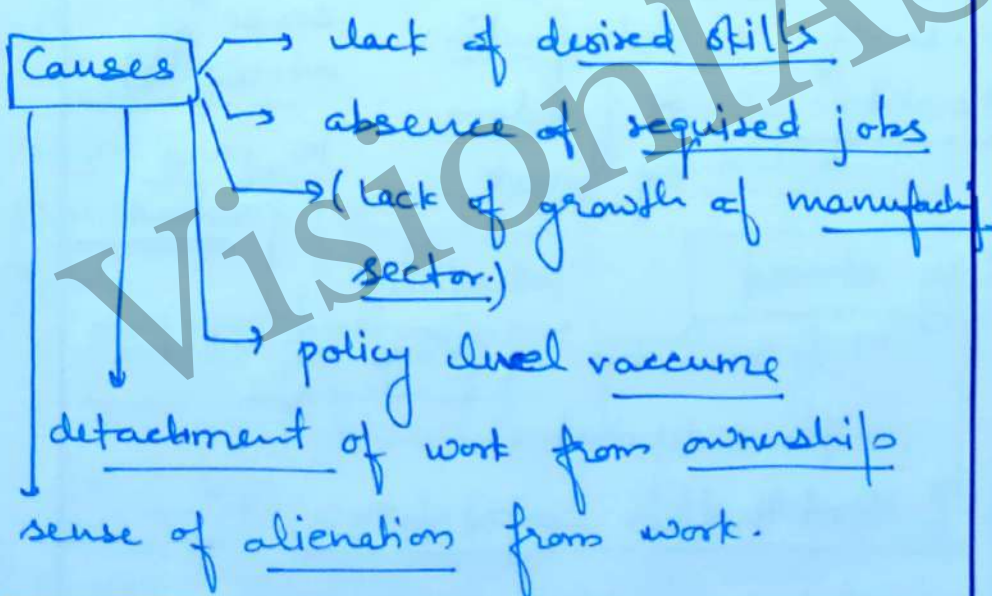
② expanding ambit of Corporate Social Responsibility.

are needed to ensure ethical framework of corporate governance.

4.(b) खराब कार्य परिवेश और अतिरिक्त श्रम ऐसी सामाजिक समस्याएं हैं, जिनके लिए सरकार, श्रमिक संघों, स्वास्थ्य अधिकारियों एवं कॉर्पोरेट जगत को उचित नीति निर्माण करने की आवश्यकता है। इस संबंध में उचित नीति निर्माण करते समय किन नैतिक मुद्दों पर विचार किया जाना चाहिए?

Toxic work environment and overwork are social problems, which require the government, labour unions, health officials and corporates to formulate appropriate policies. What are the ethical issues that should be considered while formulating appropriate policies in this regard? (Answer in 150 words) 10

Rising mental health problems, job dissatisfaction, sexual harassment at workplace are issues due to toxic work environment & overwork.



Need of appropriate policies keeping in mind ethical issues of -

① Exploitation of workers

- ② wages proportionate to work
(Right to work - Art 21)
- ③ Grievance Redressal mechanisms
for labour unions
- ④ Integration of health safety
in work manual
(eg.) children (14-18) - non-laborers
- ⑤ Better corporate work culture -
- ↳ sense of identity
 - ↳ Satisfaction & freedom of work
 - ↳ sense of ownership in final product

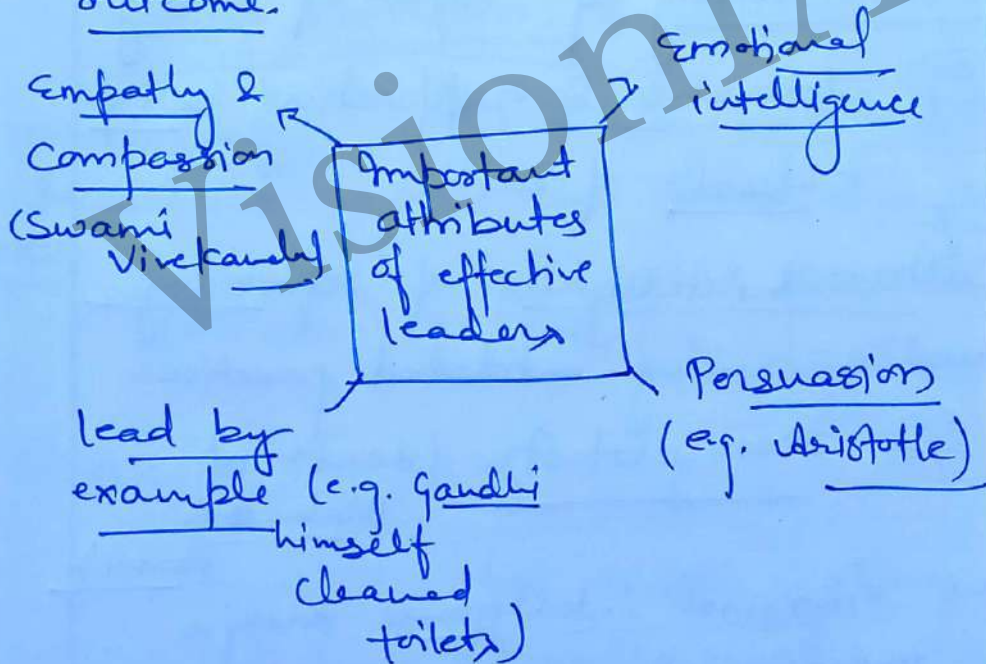
Way ahead

- ↳ formulation of code of ethics for corporates.
 - ↳ Stakeholder capitalism
 - ↳ balancing ethics & economics
- These are required to effectively harness demographic dividend of India.

5.(a) नेतृत्वकर्ताओं के लिए, सफलता हेतु भावनात्मक बुद्धिमत्ता का होना महत्वपूर्ण है, क्योंकि इससे उन्हें दूसरों की भावनाओं को सहजता से समझने और उनकी भावनात्मक स्थिति का आकलन करते हुए, अपनी भावनाओं को समझने एवं नियंत्रित करने में भी मदद मिलती है। हालांकि, वर्तमान परस्पर जुड़ी हुई दुनिया में प्रभावी नेतृत्व के लिए भावनात्मक बुद्धिमत्ता से परे जाने और सांस्कृतिक बुद्धिमत्ता को विकसित करने की आवश्यकता है। उदाहरण सहित चर्चा कीजिए।

For leaders, having emotional intelligence is vital for success as it helps them to read and regulate their own emotions while intuitively grasping how others feel and gauging their emotional state. But effective leadership in today's interconnected world necessitates going beyond emotional intelligence and cultivating cultural intelligence. Discuss with illustrations. (Answer in 150 words) 10

Effective leadership refers to providing vision and direction and guiding to achieve desired outcome.



However, with rising challenges of interconnected world, beyond emotional

intelligence is needed \rightarrow cultivating
Cultural intelligence i.e. understanding
cultural ethos & traditions to
understand people.

(e.g.) resolving riots require cultural
knowledge of conflicting parties.

\rightarrow An era of hate speech, social
media amplification - cultural
understanding of needs of society -

(e.g.) tolerance & respecting belief
& ideals of eath.

\rightarrow Cultural intelligence of reforming
and discarding outdated practices

(e.g.) Iran protests (death of
Mahsa
Amini)

Thus emotional intelligence helps
in understanding society individual
while cultural intelligence helps in
understanding individuals & society,

5.(b) शुचिता (प्रोबिटी) सत्यापित सत्यनिष्ठा होती है, जिसके बारे में आमतौर पर माना जाता है कि इसे विकृत नहीं किया जा सकता। अभिशासन में शुचिता का क्या महत्व है? लोक सेवा में शुचिता और नैतिक शासन को बढ़ावा देने में नेतृत्व की भूमिका कितनी महत्वपूर्ण है? उपयुक्त उदाहरणों सहित व्याख्या कीजिए।

Probity is confirmed integrity, which is usually regarded as being incorruptible. What is the significance of probity in governance? How important is the role of leadership in fostering probity and ethical governance in public service? Explain using suitable illustrations. (Answer in 150 words) 10

Probity is uncompromising adherence to principles of honesty and integrity.

Significance in governance

① checks corruption & nexus

↓
provide courage
to expose

eg) Vineet Rai
(2G scam)

↓
Prohibits indulgence
and provide strength
to inflict personal
cost eg) Sahendra
Dubey

② strict adherence to morality

↳ beneficial for public welfare

eg) Srijana Gummalla (IAS) worked
with 22 day child during
Covid - "duty comes first".

Leadership is the quality of providing vision and direction to achieve desired goal.

Role of leadership in fostering probity & ethical governance -

① Lead by example -

(e.g.) Lal Bahadur Shastri - demand his surname against caste discrimination

② enthruse motivation to voice against ill practices -

(e.g.) RTI Act, Lokwani Project (UP)

③ Provide vision of good governance

(e.g.) Gandhiji's Sarvodaya through Ahilyodaya.

Persons with probity and leadership skills will establish ethical governance in short term.

- 6.(a) भारत में वैवाहिक बलात्कार की धारणा और इसके प्रति अनुक्रिया को आकार देने में नैतिक अभिवृत्ति की भूमिका का विश्लेषण कीजिए। देश में वैवाहिक बलात्कार को अपराध घोषित करने में विद्यमान नैतिक मुद्दों की व्याख्या कीजिए।

Analyse the role of moral attitude in shaping the perception and response to marital rape in India. Explain the ethical considerations in criminalising marital rape in the country. (Answer in 150 words) 10

Moral attitude refers to mental disposition based on ethics & morality.

Marital rape is legal but not ethical as it violates women's rights of life, liberty, expression.

Role of moral attitude in shaping perception against marital rapes -

- ① Socially rejecting the inhumane practice by → moral awareness
 - ↳ sensitisation
 - ↳ morally courageous women to voice against it.
- ② Reforms within society -
 - ↳ moral leaders active role to play.

- ③ Awareness of women bodily agency will be facilitated through moral attitude.

Ethical considerations

- ① Traditional norms vs modern rights — oppose from religious leaders.
- ② Impact on social institution of marriage
- ③ should strengthen marriage rather than weakening it.
- ④ Balance between women rights & social institution

Way forward

- ① criminalising marital rape
- ② Role of NGOs in building moral attitude
- ③ Use of emotional intelligence in shaping narrative.

Moral attitude of society will welcome criminalisation of marital rapes.

6.(b) नैतिक निर्णय के लिए चेतना के अलावा विवेक का होना भी आवश्यक है। उपयुक्त उदाहरणों सहित व्याख्या कीजिए।

Apart from consciousness, one needs to possess conscience in order to make ethical decisions. Explain with suitable examples. (Answer in 150 words) 10

Consciousness refers to the inner dimension of human awaking and observing subtle things.

Conscience on other hand is intellectual decisions with respect to morality of an action.

Both are needed for ethical decisions -

① help in resolving ethical dilemmas
(e.g.) violation of code of conduct
vs exposing corruption.

② Holistic understanding of problems
and robust decision making
(e.g.) caste system - affirmative
actions alongwith societal awareness.

③ Effective decision making

e.g. Gandhi withdrew Non-cooperation
Movement - after Chora-choi -
non-violence.

④ Moral leadership

e.g. Swami Vivekananda
conscious of India's mission &
provided world recognition.

Way forward

- ① ethical value education at
school level.
- ② Role of moral stories like
Jataka Katha, Mahabharata
- ③ developing consciousness through
questioning and heeding conscience.

"there are higher courts than courts
of justices that is court of conscience."
- Gandhi

खण्ड-B (Section-B)

निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में, प्रस्तुत मामले का ध्यानपूर्वक अध्ययन कीजिए और फिर इसके बाद आने वाले प्रश्नों का उत्तर दीजिए (लगभग 250 शब्दों में):

7. भले ही LGBTQIA+ युगल एक साथ रहते हों लेकिन कानूनी तौर पर वे एक प्रतिकूल स्थिति में हैं। उन्हें वे सारे अधिकार प्राप्त नहीं हैं जो विवाहित जोड़ों को प्राप्त हैं। उदाहरण के लिए- LGBTQIA+ युगल, बच्चों को गोद नहीं ले सकते या सरोगेसी से बच्चा पैदा नहीं कर सकते हैं, उनके पास विरासत, भरण-पोषण और कर लाभ के स्वतः मिलने वाले अधिकार नहीं हैं तथा अपने साथी के निधन के बाद, उन्हें पेंशन या मुआवजे जैसे लाभ नहीं मिल सकते हैं। इससे भी बड़ी बात यह कि विवाह एक सामाजिक सस्था है जो कानून द्वारा निर्मित और विस्तृत रूप से विनियमित है, ऐसे में सामाजिक स्वीकृति के बिना, समलैंगिक युगल एक साथ जीवन जीने के लिए संघर्ष करते हैं।

समलैंगिक विवाहों को कानूनी मान्यता देने के लिए हाल के वर्षों में न्यायालयों में कई याचिकाएं दायर की गई हैं। लैंगिक अधिकार प्रचारकों के अनुसार, समलैंगिकता को अपराध की श्रेणी से बाहर करने के बाद समलैंगिक विवाह को मान्यता देना अगला तार्किक कदम होना चाहिए।

हालांकि, दूसरा दृष्टिकोण यह है कि न्यायिक व्याख्या विवाह की अवधारणा को अस्त-व्यस्त या कमजोर न कर दे। यह तर्क दिया जाता है कि सरकार के लिए बीच का रास्ता यह हो सकता है कि वह समलैंगिक युगल की दलीलों पर गौर करने और कोई रास्ता सुझाने के लिए किसी पैनल का गठन करे।

एक जागरूक व्यक्ति के रूप में, जो इस मुद्दे के विभिन्न आयामों को समझता है, निम्नलिखित का उत्तर दीजिए:

- इस प्रकरण में शामिल नैतिक मुद्दों पर चर्चा कीजिए।
- क्या आपको लगता है कि भारत में समलैंगिक विवाह को राज्य द्वारा मान्यता दी जानी चाहिए?
- आलोचनात्मक परीक्षण कीजिए कि क्या कानून सामाजिक परिवर्तन लाने में प्रभावी हो सकता है।

Even if the LGBTQIA+ couples live together, legally, they are on a slippery slope. They do not enjoy the rights that married couples do. For example, the LGBTQIA+ couples cannot adopt children or have a child by surrogacy, they do not have automatic rights to inheritance, maintenance and tax benefits, and after a partner passes away, they cannot avail benefits like pension or compensation. Most of all, since marriage is a social institution that is created by and highly regulated by law, without this social sanction, same-sex couples struggle to make a life together.

A number of petitions have been filed in recent years in courts for the legal recognition of same-sex marriages. Gender rights campaigners believe that recognizing same-sex marriages is the next logical step after the decriminalization of homosexuality.

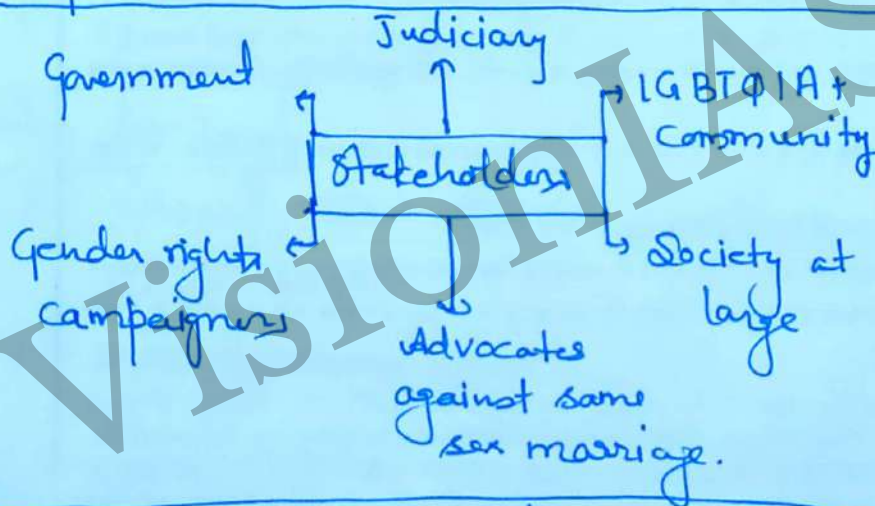
However, the other point of view is that the concept of marriage ought not to be disturbed or diluted by judicial interpretation. It is argued that a middle path could be for the government to set up a panel to look into the pleas of same sex couples and recommend a way out.

As an aware individual, who understands various dimensions of this issue, answer the following:

- (a) Discuss the ethical issues involved in the case.
 (b) Do you think same-sex marriage should be recognised by the State in India?
 (c) Critically examine whether law can be effective in bringing about social change.

20

The case highlights the pertinent issue of legalisation of same sex marriage to usher equality and protection of rights of LGBTQIA+ couples.



a) ethical issues involved

- ① Protection of human rights of LGBTQIA+ community
 ↳ Right to equality, freedom of expression, Right to life (Art 21)

② Age old customary laws vs
rule of law and constitutional
morality (as highlighted in Naltej
Singh Johar case)

③ Societal understanding of wedicality
of same-sex marriage.

④ Discrimination with LGBTQIA+
people
↳ no right to inheritance, child
adoption etc.

b) In my view, same-sex marriage
should be recognised by state
as it will provide long awaited
justice to LGBTQIA+ people and
is a compassionate step in
ushering equality in society.

→ Naltej Singh Johar case already

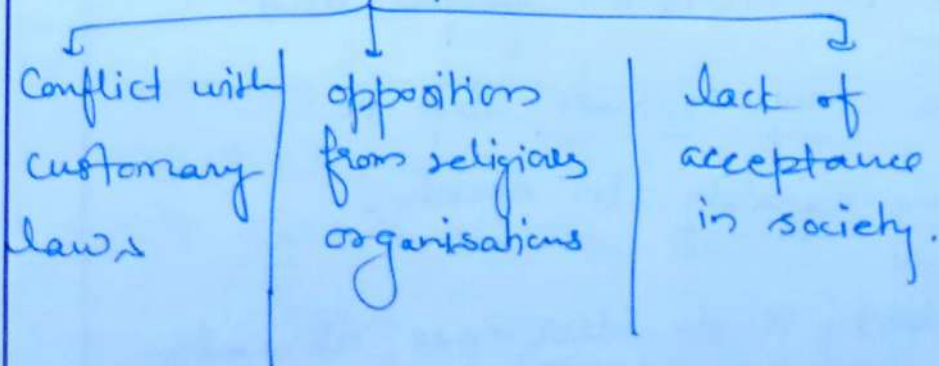
decriminalised homosexuality thus
next logical step is legal recognition
to this marriage.

→ It is in line with constitutional
morality - As per Supreme court
constitutional morality should be placed
at higher pedestal than public
morality.

→ Provide right to equality (Art 14-19),
& Right to marriage under Art 21.

→ Many countries have already
given recognition to it.

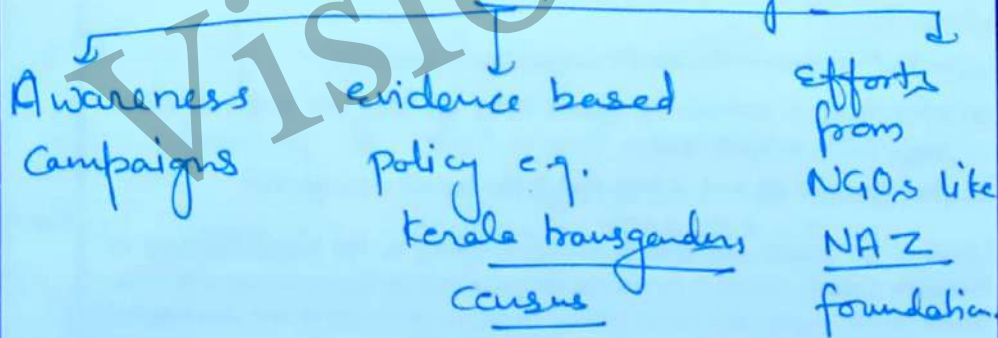
However, issues persists -



c) Importance of this law in bringing social change -

- ① legal recognition precedes societal acceptance.
- ② Will reduce discriminatory practice.
- ③ Will grant rights like
 - adoption of child
 - inheritance
 - Benefits like pension or compensation

However, only law is not sufficient, it should be accompanied by -



In light of constitutional morality, society should accept changing needs and accept the legal recognition of same-sex marriage.

8. लॉयड एक सच्चा और ईमानदार अधिकारी है। वह एक ऐसे राज्य में पुलिस अधीक्षक के रूप में कार्यरत है, जो गैंग कल्चर और आपराधिक गतिविधियों के लिए कुख्यात है। उसके बेदाग ट्रैक रिकॉर्ड के आधार पर, उसे चार महीने पहले राज्य की राजधानी में स्थानांतरित कर दिया गया था। इससे उसकी पत्नी और बेटी भी खुश हैं क्योंकि उनकी पिछली सभी पोस्टिंग की तुलना में राजधानी अपेक्षाकृत सुरक्षित है।

हाल ही में, एक अपराधी जिस पर मुकदमा चल रहा था और उस पर कई गंभीर मामलों के आरोप थे, की अदालत ले जाते समय कुछ लोगों ने राजधानी में हत्या कर दी।

पुलिस हिरासत में अपराधियों की मौत के मामले में राज्य पुलिस का रिकॉर्ड खराब होने के कारण कई मानवाधिकार संगठन इस मामले की निष्पक्ष जांच की मांग कर रहे हैं। उन्होंने इस मामले में अदालतों का दरवाजा खटखटाया है और बाद में इसकी जांच-पड़ताल के लिए राज्य सरकार द्वारा एक विशेष जांच दल (SIT) का गठन किया गया है।

चूंकि इस घटना के दौरान अपराधी को ले जाने वाले पुलिस अधिकारी उस पुलिस स्टेशन से हैं जो लॉयड के अधिकार क्षेत्र में आता है, इसलिए उसे सभी विवरणों के साथ SIT के सामने पेश होना होगा। जांच के दौरान लॉयड को ऐसे विवरण मिले, जो स्पष्ट रूप से एक प्रमुख राजनेता और अपराधी के बीच सांठगांठ को प्रदर्शित करते हैं। उसने एक रिपोर्ट तैयार की और इसे SIT के साथ साझा करने की योजना बना रहा है। उसके निष्कर्षों के आधार पर, संबंधित अपराधी और राजनेता की सांठगांठ उजागर होगी तथा राजनेता पर भी आरोप लग सकते हैं।

लॉयड के वरिष्ठ अधिकारियों ने उससे रिपोर्ट के निष्कर्षों के बारे में पूछा और रिपोर्ट से राजनेता को प्रभावित करने वाली जानकारी को हटाने की सलाह दी। लॉयड ने बताया कि रिपोर्ट में उल्लिखित राजनेता सार्वजनिक जीवन में एक बहुत ही प्रमुख व्यक्ति है और राज्य के सभी प्रमुख राजनीतिक दलों के साथ उसके संबंध भी अच्छे हैं। लॉयड के वरिष्ठ अधिकारियों ने उसे समझाते हुए कहा कि यदि वह उस राजनेता का नाम हटा देगा तो वह सत्ता में बैठे राजनेता का चहेता बन सकता है। इसके अलावा, उसे राजधानी में तैनात रहने में भी मदद मिलेगी, जिससे उनकी पत्नी और बेटी की सुरक्षा सुनिश्चित होगी।

(a) इस स्थिति से निपटने के लिए लॉयड के पास क्या विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं?

(b) प्रत्येक विकल्प का आलोचनात्मक मूल्यांकन कीजिए और लॉयड द्वारा अपनाने योग्य सबसे उपयुक्त विकल्प की पहचान कीजिए।

(c) पुलिस हिरासत में होने वाली मौतों को रोकने के लिए आप क्या उपाय सुझाएंगे?

Lloyd is an honest and upright officer working as the Superintendent of Police in a state, which is notorious for gang culture and criminal activities. Based on his impeccable track record, he was transferred to the state capital four months ago. His wife and daughter are also happy as the capital city is comparatively safer compared to all his previous postings.

Recently, a criminal who was under trial and facing charges in a number of serious cases, was killed by some people in the capital city while he was being taken to the court.

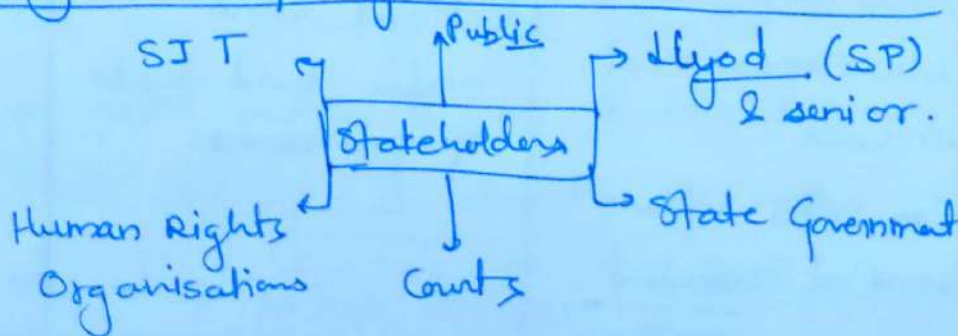
Due to the poor record of the state police in terms of death of criminals in police custody, various human rights organizations are demanding a fair enquiry in the case. They have approached the courts in this matter and subsequently a Special Investigation Team (SIT) has been formed by the state government to look into this issue.

Since the police officers escorting the criminal during this incident are from the police station that comes under Lloyd's jurisdiction, he will be required to depose before the SIT with all the details. While investigating, he came across details, which clearly establish a nexus between a prominent politician and the criminal. He prepared a report and was planning to share it with the SIT. On the basis of his findings, the nexus of the concerned criminal with the politician would be exposed and the politician may also face charges.

Lloyd's senior asks him about the findings of the report and advises him to drop the information implicating the politician from the report. He informs that the politician mentioned in the report is a very prominent figure in public life, and shares good relations with all the major political parties in the state. His senior further informs that this will bring him in the good books of those in positions of power. Further, this will also help him remain posted in the capital city, which ensures the safety of his wife and daughter.

- What are the options available with Lloyd to deal with the situation?
- Critically evaluate each of the options and identify the most appropriate one for Lloyd to adopt.
- What measures would you suggest to prevent deaths in police custody 20

Given case highlights the popular issues of custodial torture and killing of criminal by people due to abathly & delayed justice. It also involves superior pressure against exposing nexus.



Ans: a
& b)

Options available to Lloyd with
evaluation —

- ① Honestly submit report to SIT without omitting information related to politicians —

Merits	Demerits
<p>① Upholding <u>truth</u>, <u>justice</u> and <u>integrity</u>.</p> <p>② <u>fulfilling his duty faithfully</u>.</p> <p>③ <u>Exposure of nexus</u></p> <p>④ May prevent future incidents of public execution of criminals.</p> <p>⑤ Can also improve issue of <u>custodial torture</u>.</p>	<p>① Disobeying advise of <u>senior</u>. (violation of code of conduct)</p> <p>② <u>Personal cost</u> - of transfer from lucrative posting ↳ safety of wife & daughter.</p> <p>③ Might come under bad books of politicians.</p>

- ② Heeding senior advise and covertly omit politician related information →

Merits	Demerits
<p>① Political leverage in future</p> <p>② Personal interests are saved. ↳ no fear of banter.</p> <p>③ Still <u>criminals</u> will be implicated.</p> <p>④ Senior's <u>advised</u> obeyed.</p>	<p>① Against <u>probity</u> and <u>integrity</u>.</p> <p>② Amount to <u>injustice</u> ↳ people disenchantment ↳ <u>increased future killings</u>.</p> <p>③ Against <u>human rights</u> (as dead person wasn't convicted yet) - possibility of innocent killing.</p>

- ⑤ In my opinion, Lyod should go with option 1 as public servants need probity and integrity in order to usher justice to society.

Omission of political nexus related information will set a bad precedent of overlooking corruptions and evil practices. It will harm society in more fundamental way.

In addition to the report submission, dyed should try to convince senior about dire need of exposure of corruption and nexus.

Also, for future safety of his daughter and wife (in case of transfer) - he may use legal measures (helpline numbers etc) and self defense classes for them. As safety of society should take precedence over safety of family.

9) Measures to prevent custodial deaths

① Expedite delivery of justice - currently

~ $\frac{2}{3}$ rd are undertrials.

- ② fast back counts to try long pending cases.
- ③ awareness and surveillance (cameras etc) and helpline numbers for undertrials in jails.
- ④ Scandinavian model of rehabilitation -
 - ↳ involving in social work
 - ↳ education and empowerment.
- ⑤ Setting up of National Prisons Commission and adopting recommendations of Mulla Committee.

These will ensure "justice not only done but also seems to be done" and human rights of undertrials will be protected.

9. राज, बेहद गरीब परिवार से है और आर्थिक तंगी के कारण उसे अपनी उच्चतर शिक्षा भी ठीक से नहीं हो पाई। हालांकि, वह मेहनती था और उसने अपने परिवार का समर्थन करने के लिए कॉलेज के दिनों में ही कमाई शुरू कर दी थी।

उसने अपना करियर, ग्राहक सहायता विभाग में बनाया तथा उसकी ईमानदारी और कड़ी मेहनत के कारण उसे पदोन्नत भी किया गया। हाल ही में, उसे एक बेहद नामी एड-टेक कंपनी से नौकरी का ऑफर मिला। उसने इस ऑफर को सहर्ष स्वीकार कर लिया, क्योंकि यह कंपनी उसके वेतन में अच्छी वृद्धि के साथ-साथ टीम लीड पद पर पदोन्नति ऑफर कर रही थी।

राज इस नई नौकरी से बहुत खुश था और उसे लगा कि उसकी कई वर्षों की मेहनत आखिरकार सफल हो गई है। उसकी नई नौकरी में वेतन में उल्लेखनीय वृद्धि से उसके लिए उसकी छोटी बहन को पढ़ाना आसान हो जाएगा। हालांकि, कंपनी में ज्वाइन करने के कुछ महीनों के भीतर ही राज को एहसास हुआ कि कंपनी की व्यावसायिक प्रथाओं में कुछ गड़बड़ी है। उसकी ग्राहक सहायता टीम को प्रायः गरीब छात्रों के माता-पिता के फोन आते रहते थे जिन्होंने शिकायत की थी कि कंपनी उन्हें विभिन्न महंगे पाठ्यक्रमों के लिए ऋण या वित्त-पोषण विकल्पों पर गुमराह कर रही है।

कुछ विवरणों को जानने के बाद उसे एहसास हुआ कि उसकी कंपनी की सेल्स टीम गरीब माता-पिता को अपने बच्चों हेतु पाठ्यक्रम खरीदने के लिए लुभाने में कदाचार का सहारा लेती थी। राजू ने इसकी जानकारी अपने विभाग के प्रमुख को दी लेकिन विभागाध्यक्ष को इसकी कोई चिंता नहीं थी। उसके कुछ सहकर्मियों ने उसे बताया कि सेल्स के लक्ष्य को हासिल करने के लिए एड-टेक उद्योग में यह एक आम प्रणाली है। इसके अलावा, उसे यह भी बताया गया कि हाल ही में स्टार्ट-अप्स में फंडिंग की कमी के कारण कंपनी पर मुनाफा दिखाने का अधिक दबाव है, अन्यथा बड़े पैमाने पर छंटनी होगी।

- (a) इस प्रकरण से जुड़े नैतिक मुद्दों पर चर्चा कीजिए।
(b) उपर्युक्त परिस्थितियों में, राज के पास क्या विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं?
(c) इनमें से प्रत्येक विकल्प का आलोचनात्मक मूल्यांकन कीजिए।
(d) राज को कौन-सी कार्रवाई अपनानी चाहिए? वैध कारणों के माध्यम से पुष्टि कीजिए।

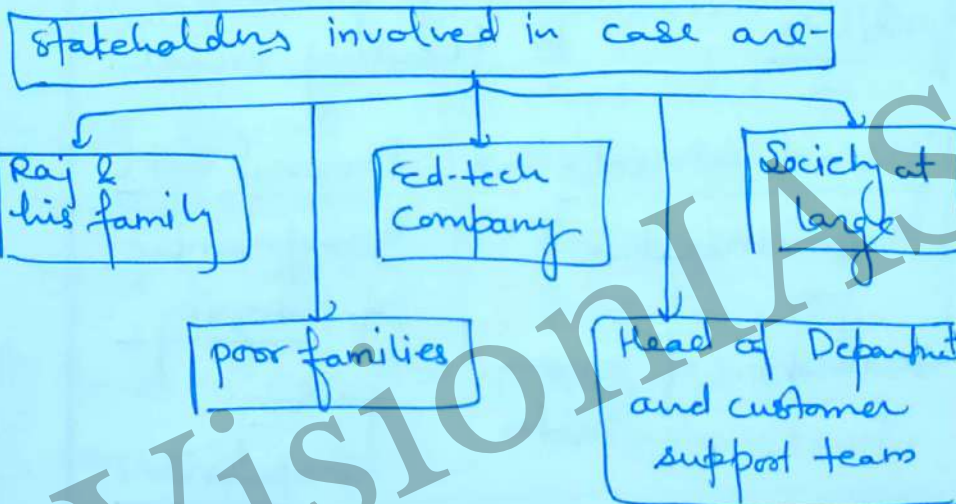
Raj comes from a very poor family and due to financial constraints, he had to compromise on his higher education. But, he was hard-working and started earning during his college days to support his family.

He made his career in the customer support department and due to his integrity and hard work, he was promoted. Recently, he got a job offer from a very prominent ed-tech company. He happily accepted the offer, as the company was offering a significant salary hike as well as promotion to a Team Lead position.

Raj was really happy with this new job and felt that his hard work of many years had finally paid off. The significant salary jump in his new job would also help him sponsor the education of his younger sister. But, within a few months of joining, Raj realized that something was wrong with the business practices of the company. His customer support team frequently received calls from parents of poor students who complained about the company misleading them on loans or financing options for the various expensive courses.

After going into some details, he realized that the sales team of his company was indulging in malpractices to lure poor parents to buy courses for their children. He informed this to the head of his department but the head did not seem concerned. Some of his colleagues informed him that this is a normal practice in the ed-tech industry to achieve sales targets. Further, he was also informed that due to the recent funding crunch in start-ups, the company is under severe pressure to show profits, else there will be mass layoffs.

- Identify the ethical issues associated with the case above.
- Under the given conditions, what are the options available to Raj?
- Critically evaluate each of these options.
- What course of action should Raj adopt? Justify with valid reasons. 20



a) Ethical issues involved in case

- Considering financial crunch and fear of mass layoff - feign ignorance with respect to complaints from poor families is an ethical dilemma before Raj.

② Company's financial health vs poor
people's hard earned money.

③ Means vs Ends

↳ unfair promotions
↳ hiring poor families

↳ To increase
Company's profit.
↳ tackling pressure due
to funding crunch.

④ Personal interests vs Personal costs

↳ remunerative
job.
↳ education of younger
sister

↳ compromise
of integrity,
probity,
compassion.

Answer of (b) & (c)

options available & critical evaluation

① Continue with sale increasing
malpractices -

Merits

Demerits

① Mass layoff can
be prevented

① Unfair to poor
families.

- | | |
|--|--|
| ② Company's financial health may improve | ② Unethical business practice - against <u>Professional ethics</u> |
|--|--|

- ② Resigns from company to expose malpractices

Merits	Demerits
① Will prevent compromise of <u>ethics & integrity</u> .	① Might lead to <u>status quo</u> .
② Company might be forced to improve	② Running away from <u>duty</u> .
	③ <u>Personal cost</u> to sister education.

- ③ Prepare a detailed report with sufficient evidence and bring issue before Board of Directors and company's shareholders & try to reform -

Merits	Demerits
① Upholding <u>justice</u>	① Might compromise

② Grievances of customer will be addressed.

③ Will improve company's image.

financial health

② might not yield any result.

d) Raj should adopt option 3 due to above merits. It will ensure my professional ethics as well as malpractices will be reformed due to pressure from Directors and shareholders.

Though it might lead to personal cost but as RURU JATAKA emphasises the ill consequences of greed in long term might be prevented to establish ethical and practices in company.

10. नगर निगम प्रमुख के रूप में, आपको एक चुनौतीपूर्ण स्थिति का सामना करना पड़ रहा है जिसमें संबंधित नागरिकों के दो समूहों ने आपसे संपर्क किया है। पहला समूह शहर में आवारा कुत्तों के खतरे के बारे में अपनी निराशा एवं चिंता व्यक्त कर रहा है और दूसरा समूह, इन बेजुबान जानवरों के प्रति करुणा व मानवीय व्यवहार को प्रोत्साहित करने की दिशा में कदम उठाने का आग्रह कर रहा है। पहली याचिका में आवारा कुत्तों द्वारा समाज के सुभेद्य वर्ग, विशेषरूप से बच्चों पर हमला करने या उन्हें जान से मारने की बढ़ती घटनाओं पर प्रकाश डाला गया है। उनका कहना है कि यह स्थिति कुत्तों की अपर्याप्त नसबंदी और टीकाकरण के कारण हुई है। वे सड़क के कुत्तों को तत्काल हटाने और उन्हें अन्यत्र भेजने की मांग कर रहे हैं। हालांकि, दूसरी याचिका में यह कहा गया है कि इस समस्या का मूल कारण अप्रभावी पशु स्वास्थ्य देखभाल और नियंत्रण, अवैध प्रजनन केंद्र, पालतू जानवरों के मालिकों द्वारा उन्हें सड़कों पर छोड़ देना है। उनका तर्क है कि इस स्थिति के लिए ज़िम्मेदार लोगों को सजा मिलनी चाहिए, जानवरों को नहीं। इसके अतिरिक्त, भारत में ऐसे कानून हैं जिसके तहत सड़कों से कुत्ते को हटाना गैर-कानूनी है। इसका मतलब यह है कि यदि कोई कुत्ता सड़क पर रहता है, तो गोद लिए जाने तक सड़क पर रहना उसका "अधिकार" है। जानवरों के जीवन के अधिकार को मानव सुरक्षा संबंधी चिंताओं के साथ संतुलित करना एक कठिन काम सिद्ध हो रहा है।
- (a) इस प्रकरण में शामिल नैतिक दुविधाएं कौन-सी हैं?
- (b) एक याचिका को दूसरे पर तरजीह देने के निहितार्थों का मूल्यांकन कीजिए।
- (c) कौन-सी कार्रवाई से इस स्थिति का तात्कालिक और दीर्घावधि समाधान होगा?

As the Head of the Municipal Corporation, you are faced with a challenging situation wherein two groups of concerned citizens have approached you. One, expressing their frustrations and concerns regarding the menace caused by street dogs in the city and other, taking steps towards encouraging compassion and humane treatment to these silent beings.

The first plea highlights the rising incidents of stray dogs' attacking or killing the vulnerable members of society especially children. They point to inadequate sterilisation and vaccination of dogs as exacerbating the situation. They demand the immediate removal of street dogs and their relocation elsewhere.

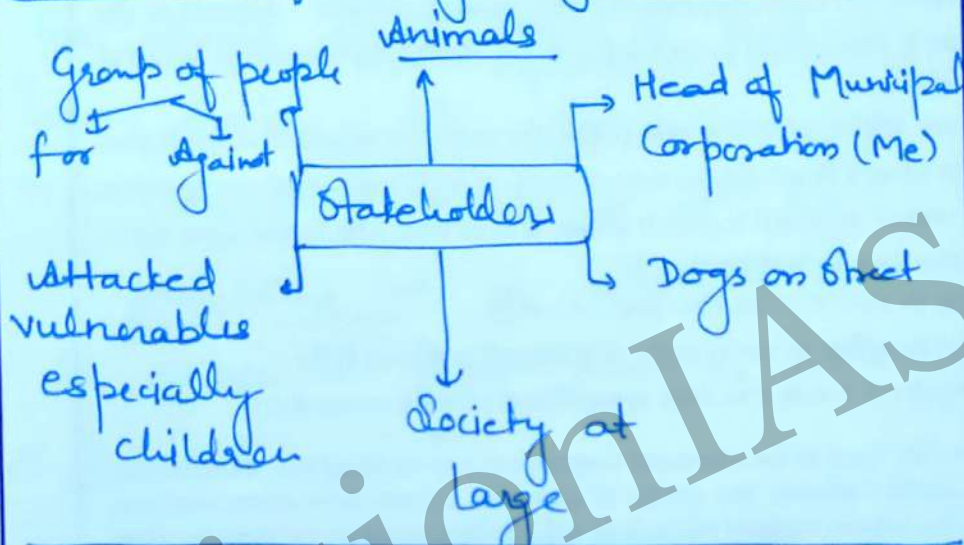
The second plea however points to ineffective animal healthcare and control, illegal breeding centres, pet owners abandoning their pets on the streets as root of the problem. They argue that the system or the people responsible for the situation should be punished, not the animals.

Furthermore, India has laws in place that make it illegal to remove a dog from the streets. This means that once a dog is on the streets, it has a "right" to stay there unless adopted. Balancing the animals' right to life with human safety concerns is proving to be a difficult task.

- (a) What are the ethical dilemmas involved in the case?
- (b) Evaluate the implications of favouring one plea over the other.
- (c) What course of action would resolve the situation in the immediate as well as long term?

20

Case highlights the challenge of balancing animal rights and human welfare due to rising incidents of stray dogs attacks.



a) Ethical dilemmas involved

① Two contrasting solutions

immediate
removal
from streets
& relocation

holding people
responsible &
punishing them.

② Means vs ends - End goal is
protection of vulnerable & for

this what kind of means should be adopted is an ethical dilemma.

- ③ Animal rights vs Human rights
↳ right to stay ↳ right to safety.

- ④ Dilemma of resolving problems like inadequate sterilisation, illegal breeding centres etc.

b) Implication of favoring 1st over 2nd

Merits	Demerits
<p>① <u>Immediate solution</u> of problem</p> <p>② <u>Safety of vulnerables</u> ensured.</p> <p>③ Health related issues can be prevented.</p>	<p>① <u>Inhumane treatment</u> with <u>silent beings</u>.</p> <p>② <u>Violation of animal rights</u>.</p> <p>③ <u>Violation of rule of law</u>.</p>

Implication of favouring 2nd over 1st.

Merits	Demerits
<p>① <u>Compassionate</u> & <u>humane</u> response favours animals.</p> <p>② <u>Improved animal healthcare</u> & holding people responsible will reduce such accidents.</p>	<p>① Punishing people is not <u>ethical</u>.</p> <p>② Problem of <u>safety of vulnerable</u> still not solved - as such incidents can occur in future.</p>

c) Thus a multipronged & multisteped solution both long term measures & short term measures is need of hour.

Short term course of action

① Quarantine those dogs who poses safety of children immediately.

and identifying from non-threatening ones.

- ② Imposing fines on people abandoning their dogs on street & awaring them to leave it in dog centres.
- ③ Spreading awareness regarding safety issues.

Long term course of actions

- ① Community volunteers for ensuring vaccination & sterilisation of street dogs.
- ② Building infrastructure like dog sheds with adequate food and rehabilitation space.

These will ensure safety of vulnerables as well as animal rights will be protected.

11. आप युवा ईमानदार व्यक्ति हैं और जिले के भ्रष्टाचार निरोधक ब्यूरो में आपकी नई नियुक्त हुई है। ब्यूरो में शामिल होने के बाद, आपके कार्यालय को एक गुमनाम व्यक्ति से सूचना मिली कि शहर के नगर निगम में काम करने वाले एक इंजीनियर ने अपनी आय के ज्ञात स्रोतों से कहीं अधिक संपत्ति अर्जित की है और वह भ्रष्ट गतिविधियों में शामिल है। चूंकि कानून में यह स्पष्ट है कि गुमनाम शिकायतों पर कार्रवाई नहीं की जा सकती, इसलिए आप शिकायत को नजरअंदाज कर देते हैं। हालांकि, अगले कुछ हफ्तों में आपको संबंधित इंजीनियर के खिलाफ कुछ और गुमनाम शिकायतें मिलीं। आप उस इंजीनियर के खिलाफ पूछताछ शुरू करते हैं और यह पाते हैं कि वह वास्तव में एक बहुत ही भ्रष्ट अधिकारी है। कुछ समय बाद, आप उसके कार्यालय और घर पर छापेमारी की योजना बनाते हैं, किंतु आपको आज तक उसके खिलाफ निर्धारित प्रारूप में कोई आधिकारिक शिकायत नहीं मिली है।

छापेमारी के दौरान आपको जो चीजें बरामद हुईं वे आपके और आपके स्टाफ के लिए चौंकाने वाली हैं। आपको न केवल इंजीनियर की क्षमता से कहीं अधिक मात्रा में बेहिसाब धन-दौलत मिली बल्कि सोना, विदेश यात्रा के टिकट, पांच सितारा होटलों में आरक्षण तथा प्रभावशाली राजनेताओं तथा जिले में पहले नियुक्त और वर्तमान में नियुक्त नौकरशाहों के खिलाफ पुख्ता सबूत मिले।

हालांकि, छापेमारी के तुरंत बाद, आपको अपने वरिष्ठ अधिकारियों से आपके दीर्घकालिक करियर और प्रियजनों की सुरक्षा के हित में जांच छोड़ने के लिए धमकी भरे संदेश प्राप्त होने लगते हैं। आपके वरिष्ठ अधिकारी आप पर आरोप लगाते हैं कि आपने छापेमारी के लिए निर्धारित नियमों का पालन नहीं किया था और यदि यह मामला अदालत तक पहुंच गया, तो प्रक्रियात्मक खामियों के कारण यह ज्यादा दिन तक नहीं चलेगा।

चूंकि, आप एक ईमानदार अधिकारी हैं इसलिए आप इन चेतावनियों को अनदेखा करते हैं और अपनी जांच जारी रखते हैं। हालांकि, जल्द ही आपको नियमों का उल्लंघन करने के आधार पर प्रशासनिक अवकाश पर भेज दिया जाता है। आपको यह भी पता चलता है कि आपके कुछ जूनियर्स ने आपके खिलाफ भ्रष्टाचार में शामिल होने की शिकायत दर्ज कराई है। उन्होंने यह भी शिकायत की है कि आपने उन्हें जांच को रोकने के लिए न केवल संबंधित इंजीनियर बल्कि उन राजनेताओं और नौकरशाहों से भी पैसे वसूलने का निर्देश दिया, जिनके खिलाफ आपने सबूत इकट्ठे किए थे।

उपर्युक्त परिदृश्य के आधार पर निम्नलिखित का उत्तर दीजिए:

- इस प्रकरण में शामिल विभिन्न हितधारकों एवं मुद्दों की पहचान कीजिए।
- प्रदत्त स्थिति में आपके पास क्या विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं?
- इनमें से प्रत्येक विकल्प के गुण और दोषों का विश्लेषण कीजिए।
- औचित्य सिद्ध करते हुए अपनी कार्रवाई पर चर्चा कीजिए।

You are young upright person who has been newly appointed in the Anti-Corruption Bureau of your district. After joining, your office receives a tip-off from an anonymous person that an engineer working with the Municipal Corporation of the city has amassed wealth much beyond his known sources of income and is hand in gloves in corrupt activities. Because the law is clear that anonymous complaints cannot be acted upon, you ignore the complaint. But in the next few weeks, you receive a few more anonymous complaints against the concerned engineer. You begin to make enquiries against the engineer and find that he is indeed a very corrupt officer. Some

time later, you make up your mind to conduct raids on his office and house, even though you have not received any official complaint in the prescribed format against him till date.

What you unearth during the raids is shocking for you and your staff. You find not only vast amounts of unaccounted currency, much beyond the means of the engineer, but also gold, travel tickets to visits made abroad, reservations in five-star hotels, and a whole bunch of clinching evidence against influential politicians and bureaucrats - appointed in the past as well as present ones - in the district.

However, soon after conducting the raid, you start receiving subtle messages from your superiors to drop the investigation in the interest of your own long-term career and the safety and security of your loved ones. They also point out that you had not followed the rules stipulated for conducting the raid, and if the matter were to reach the courts, it would be disposed off in no time due to procedural lapses on your part.

Since, you are an upright officer, you ignore these warnings and continue with your investigation. However, soon you are put on administrative leave on the ground of flouting the rules. You also come to know that a few of your juniors have filed a complaint against you for being involved in corruption. They have also complained that you instructed them to extort money from not only the concerned engineer but also the politicians and bureaucrats against whom you unearthed evidence, to put a halt to the investigation.

Based on the above scenario, answer the following:

- Identify the various stakeholders and the issues involved in the case.
- What options do you have in the given situation?
- Analyse the merits and demerits of each of these options.
- Discuss your course of action, with proper justification.

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The case involve the pertinent challenge of menace of corruptions and personal cost involved is eradicating the menace. It also highlights unholy nexus between bureacrats, politicians reflecting decline of

moral values like integrity & probity.

a)

Stateholders & issues involved

- ① Corrupt engineer - vast amount of unaccounted money.
↳ unholy nexus with politicians
- ② Anonymous complainers - fear of disclosing identity
- ③ Seniors → advising to drop investigation
↳ corrupt, involved in nexus, seeking political patronage, undermining duty towards public welfare.
- ④ Influential politicians & bureaucrats
↳ issue of criminalisation of politics.
↳ tax payers money & unaccountability
- ⑤ Me (member of Anti-corruption Bureau)
↳ superior pressure to drop the case

- ↳ threat to security of loved ones
- ↳ career compromised
- ↳ dilemma of exposing corruption vs huge personal cost (as case might be dropped).

b)
2c)

Answers of (b) & (c)

Options available & merits & demerits of these -

- ① Heeding the advise of superiors and drop investigations -

Merits	Demerits
<p>① <u>Security</u> of loved ones ensured.</p> <p>② <u>good</u> <u>books</u> of seniors</p> <p>③ Juniors will drop <u>corruption</u> charges</p>	<p>① Will become part of <u>nexus</u> and <u>corruption</u></p> <p>② Undermine <u>duty</u>, <u>integrity</u> & <u>probity</u></p> <p>③ Huge cost to society</p>

- ② Without focussing on seniors advise go for investigation -

Merits

① Unfold corruption
and clearing
of public office.

② taxpayer's
money saved

③ duty to welfare
not compromised

Demerits

① Personal cost

↳ safety of loved ones

↳ false
case of corruption
by juniors

② fear of disposing
off of case - as
no anonymous
complaints allowed.

③ Persuading superiors to unfold
nexus, collect sufficient evidence
to expose corruption and honestly
expose false judicial charges by
juniors -

Merits

① Personal safety
ensured.

② Upholding justice
probity & integrity.

③ Exposure of nexus.

Demerits

① ~~As~~ Seniors might
not be persuaded.

② could yield
personal cost.

Based on above merits, I will adopt option 3.

I will ensure that I do justice to my job in addition to professional ethics and integrity.

In addition to above step, a disclosure of nexus related information without compromising security of critical information, to media can also cause popular pressure on politicians.

As RURU JATAKA emphasise ill consequences of greed & their destructive consequences, so I will not become part of nexus and by every means to expose the same like Satyendra Dubey.

12. आपको एक राज्य में मुख्य सचिव के पद पर नियुक्त किया गया है। हाल ही में, आपके राज्य के दो लोक सेवकों से जुड़ा एक जटिल मुद्दा सामने आया है। दोनों अधिकारी जो अपनी-अपनी भूमिकाओं में उत्कृष्टता के लिए जाने जाते हैं, सोशल मीडिया पर एक गंभीर सार्वजनिक झगड़े में उलझ गए हैं।

अधिकारी A के द्वारा सोशल मीडिया पर कई इमेज और बयानों को पोस्ट करने के बाद यह विवाद शुरू हुआ, जिसका अंतर्निहित अर्थ यह था कि अधिकारी B, पोस्टिंग और पदोन्नति में अनुचित लाभ प्राप्त करने के लिए व्यक्तिगत संबंधों एवं नेटवर्किंग का इस्तेमाल कर रही है। हालांकि, यह कार्रवाई अप्रमाणित है लेकिन इसने अफवाहों का तूफान खड़ा कर दिया है, जिससे अधिकारी B की प्रतिष्ठा को काफी क्षति पहुंची।

अनुक्रिया स्वरूप अधिकारी B ने सोशल मीडिया पर ही अपना बचाव किया तथा अधिकारी A पर अनैतिक प्रथाओं को अपनाने और गोपनीयता के उल्लंघन का आरोप लगाया। वह अपने आंतरिक विभागीय मुद्दों का खुलासा करके एक कदम आगे बढ़ गई, जिसमें अधिकारी A कथित तौर पर शामिल था। इन आरोपों ने न केवल संघर्ष को बढ़ाया बल्कि जनता के सामने संवेदनशील जानकारी भी उजागर कर दी।

अधिकारी A के सोशल मीडिया पोस्ट को एक स्थानीय समाचार आउटलेट ने प्रमुखता से उठाया एवं उसे प्रचारित किया, जिससे स्थिति और भी बिगड़ गई। यह मुद्दा अब राज्य प्रशासन के दायरे से बाहर चला गया है, जिससे सार्वजनिक अटकलें और मीडिया जांच तेज हो गई है।

ये सभी घटनाएं सार्वजनिक मंच पर सामने आईं, इससे लोक सेवाओं की छवि खराब हुई है और राज्य प्रशासन के काम-काज में व्यवधान पैदा हुआ। केंद्र सरकार स्थिति पर वारीकी से नजर रख रही है और इसमें शामिल अधिकारियों के खिलाफ उचित अनुशासनात्मक कार्रवाई के लिए दबाव डाला गया है।

- इस प्रकरण में कौन-से नैतिक मुद्दे शामिल हैं?
- मुख्य सचिव के रूप में आपके पास क्या विकल्प उपलब्ध हैं?
- आप कौन-सा विकल्प चुनेंगे और क्यों?

You have been appointed as the Chief Secretary in a state. Recently, a complex issue has surfaced involving two civil servants from your state. Both the officers who are known for their excellence in their respective roles have found themselves embroiled in an intense public feud on social media.

Officer A initiated the dispute by posting a series of images and statements on social media, indirectly implying that Officer B has been utilizing personal relationships and networking for gaining undue advantages in job postings and promotions. This action, while unproven, has stirred up a storm of rumors, leading to severe reputational damage to Officer B.

In response, Officer B defended herself on the same platform, accusing Officer A of unethical practices and breach of confidentiality. She went a step further by revealing his internal departmental issues, which Officer A was supposedly involved in. These allegations have not only escalated the conflict but also exposed sensitive information to the public.

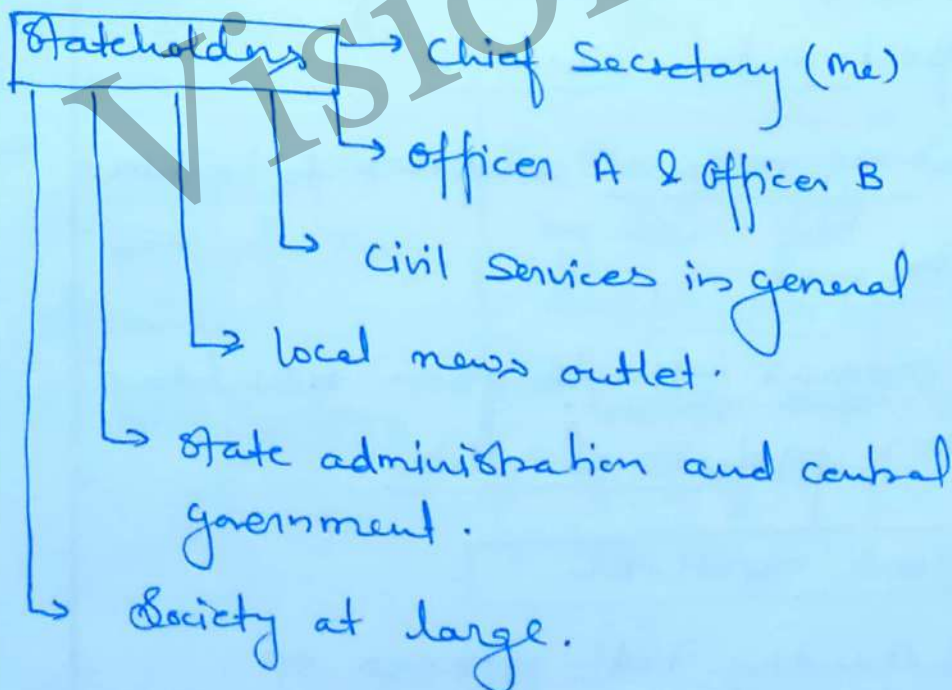
Officer A's social media posts have been prominently picked up and publicised by a local news outlet further escalating the situation. The issue has now gone beyond the realms of the state administration, leading to intense public speculation and media scrutiny.

All these events have unfolded on a public platform and have tarnished the image of the civil services and created a disruption in the working of the state administration. The Central Government is closely monitoring the situation and has exerted pressure for appropriate disciplinary action against the officers involved.

- What are ethical issues involved in this situation?
- What are the options available to you as the Chief Secretary?
- Which option would you choose and why?

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The case highlights the conflict between bureaucratic value of anonymity and use of social media for personal interests.



a) ethical issues involved in case

- ① Compromise of sensitive information due to personal feud.
- ② Non-adherence to anonymity
- ③ tarnishing of image of civil services.
- ④ Unproven charges against each other.
- ⑤ Third party involvement (public & media) in problems of internal departmental issues.
- ⑥ Wrong means adoption to achieve end goal
- ⑦ Personal interests given weightage over professional ethics.

b) options available

- ① Suspending both officers on

charge of violation of code of conduct

merits

Demerits

- ① Immediately solve issue of public speculation
- ② further feud prevented.

- ① Unethical as charges by them on each other may be correct.
- ② Not tackling root cause.

- ② Warning to both on immediately posting on social media as well as public apology due to unproven

charges:

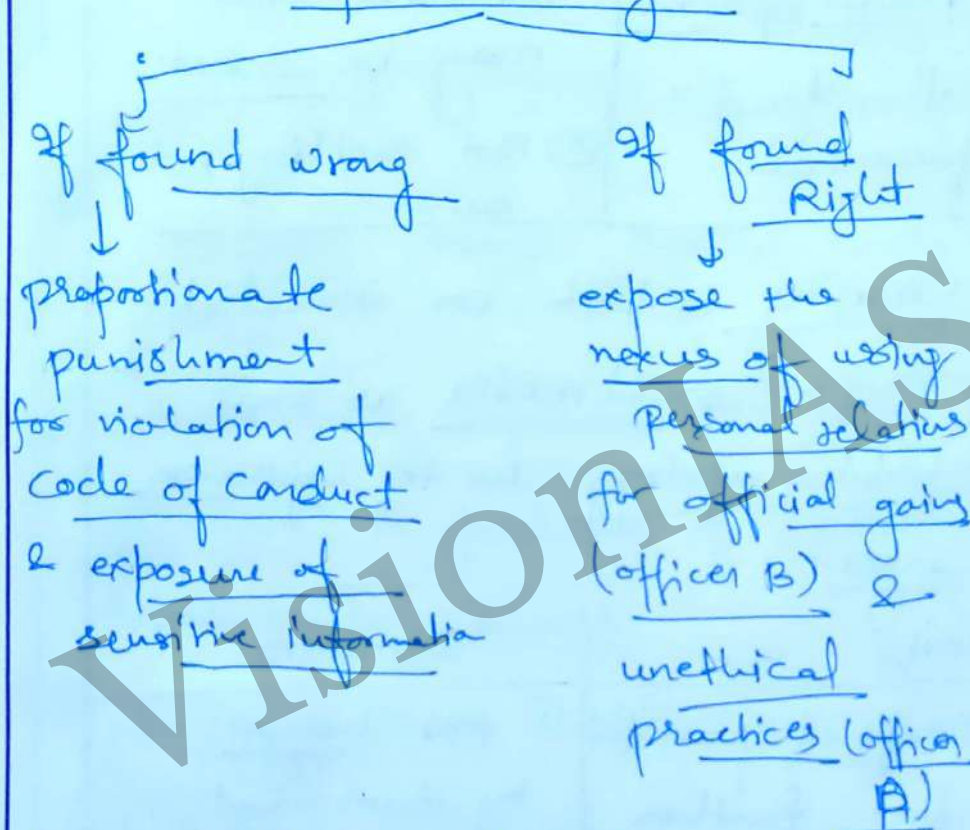
merits

Demerits

- ① Conflict prevented from further escalation.
- ② Public apology will set right precedent.

- ① Real charges by them not scrutinised.
- ② Media scrutiny may further shir the issue.

I will adopt option 2. In addition to it, I will also set up Inquiry committee to examine unproven charges.



In order to prevent in long term, I will advocate for development of code of ethics & guidelines regarding use of social media for officers.

The value of bureaucratic anonymity is cardinal & should be upheld.